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(54) Title: METHODS FOR DETECTING AND IDENTIFYING A GRAM POSITIVE BACTERIA IN A SAMPLE

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides fragments of a sodA gene from gram positive bacteria, methods of using these fragments as probes to detect and identify microorganisms in a sample and kits containing suitable reagents to perform the method.

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METHODS FOR DETECTING AND IDENTIFYING A GRAM POSITIVE BACTERIA IN A SAMPLE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to probes and methods of detecting and identifying microorganisms, particularly gram-positive bacteria, in test samples.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Enterococci, although not highly virulent microorganisms, have emerged worldwide in the last decade as one of the leading causes of nosocomial bacteremia, surgical wound infections, and urinary tract infections (9, 10, 13, 24). This evolution is mainly due to the appearance of multiresistant strains of enterococci that can be resistant to most antibiotics used for the treatment (ampicillin, aminoglycosides, and glycopeptides). Most human enterococcal infections (90%) are caused by Enterococcus faecalis and Enterococcus faecium, however, the incidence of other species, such as Enterococcus casseliflavus and Enterococcus gallinarum, could be underestimated because of bacterial mis-identification. In clinical laboratories, accurate identification of enterococcal species is required to carry out a proper epidemiologic surveillance and may help in the management of infected patients in case of relapse. This is usually done by testing tolerance to bile esculine and tellurite, growth in 6.5% NaCl broth, specific carbohydrate utilization (2, 6), by characterizing bacterial motility and pigment production (1), and by using commercial biochemical test systems, such as the API-20 STREP or rapid ID 32 Strep. However, these phenotypic methods are often not reliable and the automated systems, such as the

Vitek and MicroScan systems, do not properly identify enterococci other than E. faecalis and E. faecium in absence of additional tests (11). Consequently, several genotypic methods based on the analysis of PCR products derived from selected target DNA have been developed for species identification of enterococci (3, 14, 22). This includes the determination of the 16S rDNA sequence (18), a strategy which is now greatly facilitated by the use of universal 16S PCR primers associated with the development of simplified, partially automated, and cost effective sequencing technologies. However, the interpretation of these data may be complicated by the fact that divergent 16S rDNA sequences may exist within a single organism (23) or, alternatively, that closely related species may have identical 16S rDNA sequences (8), as recently shown in the genera Enterococcus for E. casseliflavus and E. gallinarum (18). To solve this problem, it is possible to use alternative monocopy target sequences which exhibit a higher divergence than that of the 16S rDNA. The sodA gene of the gram positive cocci which encodes the manganese-dependent superoxide dismutase fulfills these criteria and we recently reported that sequencing of the sodA PCR product with the use of a single pair of degenerate primers constitutes a valuable approach to the genotypic identification of the 29 streptococcal species (20). In this work, the same universal primers (19) were used to construct a sodA database of 19 enterococcal species including E. casseliflavus and E. gallinarum.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides polynucleotides capable of hybridizing specifically to nucleic acids of the sodA gene from gram positive bacteria, methods of

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using these polynucleotides as probes to detect and identify microorganisms in a sample, and kits containing suitable reagents to perform the methods.

In particular, the invention provides methods for accurate identification of the species of a gram positive bacteria in a sample comprising providing a sample suspected of containing said gram positive bacteria; hybridizing a specific probe for a sodA gene or a fragment thereof to nucleic acids from said microorganism; and detecting the presence or absence of hybridization. In preferred embodiments, said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of Enterococci, Abiotrophia, Streptococci and Staphylococci. Probes and methods of the invention may preferably relate to the detection of a Enterococci selected from the group consisting of E. avium, E. casseliflavus, E. cecorum, E. columbae, E. dispar, E. durans, E. faecalis, E. faecium, E. flavescens, E. gallinarum, E. hirae, E. malodoratus, E. mundtii, E. pseudoavium, E. raffinosus, E. saccharolyticus, E. seriolicida, E. solitarius, and E. sulfureus. In other preferred embodiments, probes and methods of the invention may preferably relate to the detection of a Staphyloccus selected from the group consisting of S. arlettae, S. auricularis, S. capitis subspecies capitis, S. capitis subspecies ureolyticus, S. caprae, S. carnosus subspecies carnosus, S. carnosus subspecies utilis, S. chromogenes, S cohnii subspecies cohnii, S. cohnii subspecies urealyticum, S. condimenti, S. delphini, S epidermidis, S. equorum, S felis, S. gallinarum, S. haemolyticus, S. hominis subspecies hominis, S. hominis subspecies novobiosepticus, S. hyicus, S. intermedius, S. kloosii, S. lentus, S. lugdunensis, S. luntae, S. muscae, S. pasterui, S. piscifermentans, S. pulvereri, S. saccharolyticus, S. saprophyticus subspecies bovis, S. saprophyticus subspecies saprophyticus, S schleiferi subspecies

coagulans, S. schleiferi subspecies schleiferi, S. sciuri subspecies carnaticus, S. sciuri subspecies sciuri, S. simulans, S vitulinus, S. warneri, and S. xylosus.

The present invention also provides polynucleotides specific for a sodA gene for use in hybridization assays for the detection of the presence or absence of gram-5 positive bacteria. In preferred embodiments, the invention provides polynucleotides specific for the sodA_{int} region of the sodA gene, including the polynucleotide probes of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94, or the complements thereto, or fragments or derivatives thereof. Further provided are DNA chips comprising at least one polynucleotide of the invention. Provided are also polynucleotides or fragments thereof specifically 10 hybridizing to an Enterococcus microorganism, wherein SEQ ID NO:1 is specific for E. avium, SEQ ID NO:2 is specific for E. casseliflavus, SEQ ID NO:3 is specific for E. cecorum, SEQ ID NO:4 is specific for E. columbae, SEQ ID NO:5 is specific for E. dispar, SEQ ID NO:6 is specific for E. durans, SEQ ID NO:7 is specific for E. faecalis, SEQ ID NO:8 is specific for E. faecium, SEQ ID NO:9 is specific for E. flavescens, 15 SEQ ID NO:10 is specific for E. gallinarum, SEQ ID NO:11 is specific for E. hirae, SEQ ID NO:12 is specific for E. malodoratus, SEQ ID NO:13 is specific for E. mundtii, SEQ ID NO:14 is specific for E. pseudoavium, SEQ ID NO:17 is specific for E. raffinosus, SEQ ID NO:15 is specific for E. saccharolyticus, SEQ ID NO:18 is specific for E. seriolicida, SEQ ID NO:16 is specific for E. solitarius, and SEQ ID NO:19 is specific for E. sulfureus. Provided are polynucleotides or fragments thereof 20 specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus Enterococci, wherein SEQ ID NOS:21-36 are specific for species in the *Enterococci*; polynucleotides or fragments thereof specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus Lactococcus garvieae, wherein said polynucleotide is SEQ ID NO: 20; polynucleotides or fragments thereof

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specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus *Streptococcus*, wherein SEQ ID NOS:37-50 are specific for species in the *Streptococci*; polynucleotides or fragments thereof specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus *Abiotrophia*, wherein SEQ ID NOS:51-53 are specific for species in the *Abiotrophia*; and polynucleotides or fragments thereof specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus *Staphlococcus*, wherein SEQ ID NOS:54-93 are specific for species in the *Staphlococcus*.

In particularly preferred embodiments, the invention encompasses methods for the identification of a gram positive bacterial species selected from the group consisting of *Streptococci*, *Staphylococci*, *Abiotrophia* and *Enterococci* comprising (a) selecting a polynucleotide of about 425 to 445 bp comprised between two conservéd domains of SOD gene said polynucleotide having flanking regions consisting in two oligonucleotidic sequences and being specific for the genus or the species to be detected; (b) hybridizing the DNA of the sample with the polynucleotide; (c) washing the hybridized sample; and (d) visualizing the reaction of hybridization with an electric or electronic or calorimetric system.

In preferred embodiments, the methods of the invention comprise hybridizing a probe specific to the $sodA_{int}$ fragment of the sodA gene.

In further preferred embodiments, methods of the invention may comprise amplifying said sodA gene from the microorganism prior to said hybridizing.

Also provided are isolated or purified polynucleotides comprising, consisting essentially of, of consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94, and the complements thereof, or fragments thereof. Said polynucleotides may comprise at

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least 12, 18, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100, 200, 300, 400, 450 or 500 contiguous nucleotides, to the extent the length of said span in consistent with the length of the SEQ ID, of a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94. Envisioned also are polynucleotides having at least 90% and preferably at least 95%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.8% or 99.9% sequence identity with a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94, or a fragment thereof. Percent identity can be determined for example electronically, e.g., by using the MegAlign.TM. program (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison Wis.), or default parameters for nucleic acid comparisons in the "gap" program from Genetics Computer Group, Madison Wis. (algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch, J. Mol Biol. 48: 443-453 (1970)). The invention also relates to a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94. Also encompassed is a 400 bp polynucleotide sequence obtained after amplification of a DNA template from a sample by using a pair of primers SEQ ID NOS:95 and 96, wherein said pair of primers is specific for the SOD gene of a gram positive bacteria. In further embodiments, the polynucleotide is a polynucleotide of about 429bp and specific for a Staphylococi species; a polynucleotide of about 435 and specific for Streptococci species; a polynucleotide of about 438 bp and specific for Enterococci species; or a polynucleotide of about 438 to 441 bp and specific for Abiotrophia species.

The present invention is directed to polynucleotide probes specific for nucleotide sequences of the sodA gene for use in diagnostic methods, preferably hybridization-based assays, for the detection of specific strains of gram positive bacteria in a biological sample. Detection of specific sodA polynucleotides in a eukaryote, particularly a mammal, and especially a human, provides a diagnostic

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method for diagnosis of disease, staging of disease or response of an infectious organism to drugs. In some embodiments, one or multiple probes, or panels of probes comprising probes specific for one or more species of gram positive bacteria, particularly species of *Enterococci*, *Abiotrophia*, *Streptococci* and *Staphylococci*, may be used in assays to detect the presence or absence of said bacteria in samples suspected to be contained in a biological sample.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1: Phylogenetic unrooted tree showing the relationships among the sodA_{int} fragments from various enterococcal type strains. The tree was established from an analysis of the sequences listed in Table 1 by using the neighbor-joining method. The sodA_{int} sequences of *L. lactis*, *L. garvieae*, *S. bovis*, *S. pyogenes* type strains were included in this work. The value on each branch is the estimated confidence limit (expressed as a percentage) for the position of the branch as determined by bootstrap analysis. Only the bootstrap values superior to 95%, which were considered as significant, are indicated. The scale bar (NJ distance) represents 10% differences in nucleotide sequences.

Figure 2: An identity matrix based on pairwise comparisons of *sodAint* fragments of enterococcal type strains. The main characteristics of each of the strains listed in Fig. 2 are listed in Table 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms and any acronyms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill

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in the art in the field of the invention. Although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice of the present invention, the preferred methods, devices, and materials are described herein.

All patents and publications mentioned herein are incorporated herein by reference to the extent allowed by law for the purpose of describing and disclosing the proteins, enzymes, vectors, host cells, and methodologies reported therein that might be used with the present invention. However, nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

Fragments from sodA genes from a number of Enterococcus species are shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-19 and 21-36, from Lactococcus garvieae is shown in SEQ ID NO:20, from a number of Streptococcus species are shown in SEQ ID NOS:37-50, from a number of Abiotrophia species are shown in SEQ ID NOS:51-53, from a number of Staphlococcus species are shown in SEQ ID NOS:54-93 and from Macrococcus caseolyticus is shown in SEQ ID NO:94.

Microbial specimens for use in this invention can be obtained from any source suspected of harbouring bacteria. The samples are generally dispersed in a measured amount of buffer, though dispersal may be optimal if lysis is immediately possible. This dispersal buffer generally provides a biologically compatible solution. Samples may be frozen or used directly after obtaining.

Prior to analysis, samples suspected of containing bacteria are preferably subjected to a lysing solution to release cellular nucleic acids. Dispersal of the sample prior to lysis is optional. Lysing buffers are known in the art (Ausubel et al (eds), Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 2000). Generally,

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these buffers are between pH 7.0 and 8.0, and contain both chelating agents and surfactants. Typically, a lysing solution is a buffered detergent solution having a divalent metal chelator or a buffered chaotrophic salt solution containing a detergent (such as SDS), a reducing agent and a divalent metal chelator (EDTA). The use of enzymes such as N-acetyl-muramidase (lysozyme) or proteases (such as Protease K) will facilitate lysis and offer high quality results.

The sample may be directly immobilized to a support or further processed to extract nucleic acids prior to immobilization. Released or extracted bacterial nucleic acid (including target nucleic acid) are fixed to a solid support, such as cellulose, nylon, nitrocellulose, diazobenzyloxymethyl cellulose, and the like. The immobilized nucleic acid can then be subjected to hybridization conditions.

Alternatively, samples may be collected and dispersed in a lysing solution that also functions as a hybridization solution, such as 3M guanidinium thiocyanate (GuSCN), 50 mM Tris (pH 7.6), 10 mM EDTA, 0.1% sodium dodecylsulfate (SDS), and 1% mercaptoethanol (Maniatis, T. et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1982).

Alternatively, the nucleic acid probes may be immobilized onto solid phase microchips according to methods known in the art and subsequently hybridization with sample nucleic acids can be identified with a microchip reader. This and other solid phase microchip methods are disclosed in Ausebel et al (supra). Detection systems comprising a high-density array library of probes immobilized on a substrate are also known, described in PCT Application No. WO 97 02357 (Affymetrix Inc.), U.S. Patent No. 5,202,231 (Drmanac), U.S. Patent No. 6,228,575 (Affymetrix). Essentially any desired number of probes can be used in said array or microchip; for example at

least 1, 2, 10, 100, 1000 or more nucleic acid probes may be immobilized. Arrays or microchips may also include sets of nucleic acid probes comprising at least 1, 2, 5, 10, 20 or 50 nucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NOS 1 to 94, or fragments, complements and/or derivatives thereof.

Various degrees of stringency of hybridization can be employed. As the conditions for hybridization become more stringent, there must be a greater degree of complementarity between the probe and the target for duplex formation to occur. Stringency conditions for hybridization is a term of art which refers to the conditions of temperature and buffer concentration which permit hybridization of a particular nucleic acid to a second nucleic acid in which the first nucleic acid may be perfectly complementary to the second, or the first and second may share some degree of complementarity which is less than perfect. For example, certain high stringency conditions can be used which distinguish perfectly complementary nucleic acids from those of less complementarity. "High stringency conditions" and "moderate stringency conditions" for nucleic acid hybridizations are explained on pages 2.10.1-2.10.16 (see particularly 2.10.8-11) and pages 6.3.1-6 in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (Ausubel, F. M. et al., eds., Vol. 1, containing supplements up through Supplement 29, 1995). Hybridization techniques are also generally described in Hames, et al. (eds.), "Nucleic Acid Hybridization, A Practical Approach", IRL Press, New York, 1985. The degree of stringency can be controlled by temperature, ionic strength, pH and the presence of a partially denaturing solvent such as formamide. For example, the stringency of hybridization is conveniently varied by changing the polarity of the reactant solution through manipulation of the concentration of formamide within the range of 0% to 50%. Stringency also depends on factors such as the length of the

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nucleic acid sequence, base composition, percent mismatch between hybridizing sequences and the frequency of occurrence of subsets of that sequence within other non-identical sequences. Thus, high or moderate stringency conditions can be determined empirically.

By varying hybridization conditions from a level of stringency at which no hybridization occurs to a level at which hybridization is first observed, conditions which will allow a given sequence to hybridize with the most similar sequences in the sample can be determined. Exemplary conditions are described in Ausubel et al in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology (supra), including descriptions regarding how to determine washing conditions at page 2.10.11. Washing is the step in which conditions are usually set so as to determine a minimum level of complementarity of the hybrids and to eliminate non-hybridizing labelled probe as well as background and non-specific weak interactions. Generally, starting from the lowest temperature at which only homologous hybridization occurs, each degree C by which the final wash temperature is reduced (holding SSC concentration constant) allows an increase by 1% in the maximum extent of mismatching among the sequences that hybridize. Generally, doubling the concentration of SSC results in an increase in $T_{
m m}$ of about 17 C. Using these guidelines, the washing temperature can be determined empirically for high, moderate or low stringency, depending on the level of mismatch sought. For example, conditions may be determined such that hybridization occurs only if there is at least 90% and preferably at least 95%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.8% or 99.9% identity between the sequences.

In practicing the present invention, amplification of either the nucleic acid probe or a sodA gene from the microorganism sample may be performed prior to the

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hybridization. Examples of amplification techniques include Strand Displacement
Amplification (i.e., SDA, also described in Walker G. T. et al., 1992, Nucleic Acids
Res., 20:1691-1696), the Polymerase Chain Reaction (i.e., PCR), Reverse
Transcription Polymerase Chain Reaction (i.e., RT-PCR), Nucleic Acid SequenceBased Amplification (i.e., NASBA), Self-Sustained Sequence Replication (i.e., 3SR),
and the Ligase Chain Reaction (i.e., LCR). (see, e.g. Innis et al., PCR Protocols, a
Guide to Methods and Applications, eds., Academic Press (1990)).

The primers used to amplify the sample nucleic acids are oligonucleotides of defined sequence selected to hybridize selectively with particular portions of the sodA gene, in particular those that amplify the sodA internal fragment (sodA_{int}). A primer or primer pair may be coupled to a detectable moiety.

Polynucleotides including probes and primers and primer pairs may comprise any suitable detectable moiety. Examples of detectable moieties or labels include fluorescein, which is a standard label used in nucleic acid sequencing systems using laser light as a detection system. Other detectable labels can also be employed, including enzymes, cofactors, enzyme substrates, other fluorophores, chemiluminescent molecules, radio-labels (32P, 35S, 3H, 125I), chemical couplers such as biotin which can be detected with streptavidin-linked enzymes, and epitope tags such as digoxigenin detected using antibodies. Other examples are described in French Patent No. FR-7810975 or by Urdea M. S. et al., 1991, Nucleic Acids Symp. Ser., 24:197-200.or Sanchez-Pescador R., 1988, J. Clin. Microbiol., 26(10):1934-1938. Probes can also be prepared as "capture probes", and are for this purpose immobilized on a substrate in order to capture the target nucleic acid contained in a biological sample. The captured target nucleic acid is subsequently detected with a

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second probe, which recognizes a sequence of the target nucleic acid that is different from the sequence recognized by the capture probe.

Polynucleotides may be synthesized by any of several well known methods, including automated solid-phase chemical synthesis using cyano-ethylphosphoramidite precursors. Barone, A. D. et al., Nucleic Acids Research 12, 4051-4060 (1984). Methods of preparing probes and determing the quality of probe compositions is generally well known (see for example U.S. Patent No. 5,994,059). Probes or primers also can be prepared by cleavage of the polynucleotides by restriction enzymes, as described in Sambrook et al. in 1989.

The present invention concerns methods for identification of species by a method which comprises providing a sample suspected of containing a gram positive bacteria, hybridizing a specific probe for a sodA gene or fragment thereof to nucleic acids from the microorganism, and detecting the presence or absence of hybridization. More specifically, the present invention concerns a method for the identification of a gram positive bacterial species selected from the group consisting of *Streptococci*, *Staphlococci*, *Abiotrophia*, and *Enterococci*, wherein the method has the steps of selecting a polynucleotide of 400 to 500 bp comprised between two conserved domains of SOD gene said polynucleotide having flanking regions consisting in two oligonucleotidic sequences and being specific for the genus or the species to be detected; hybridizing the DNA of the sample with the polynucleotide; washing the hybridized sample; visualizing the reaction of hybridization with an electric or electronic or calorimetric system. A polynucleotide of about 425 to 445 bp is particularly preferred.

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The present invention also includes diagnostic kits for performing the analysis. These kits can be used to facilitate detection and identification of specific bacterial species in a clinical laboratories. Such kits would include instruction cards and vials containing the various solutions necessary to conduct a nucleic acid hybridization assay. These solutions would include lysing solutions, hybridization solutions, combination lysing and hybridization solutions, and wash solutions. The kits would also include labeled probes. The UP9A probe could be either unlabeled or labeled depending on the assay format. Standard references for comparison of results would also be necessary to provide an easy estimate of bacterial numbers in a given solution. Depending upon the label used additional components may be needed for the kit, e.g. enzyme labels require substrates.

Having generally described this invention, a further understanding can be obtained by reference to certain specific examples which are provided herein for purposes of illustration only, and are not intended to be limiting unless otherwise specified.

EXAMPLES

The main characteristics of the bacterial strains used in this study, including the type strains, are listed in Table 1 and 2. Rapid extraction of bacterial genomic DNA was carried out by using the InstaGeneTm Matrix (Bio-Rad, Hercules, CA) on cells collected from 2 ml of an overnight culture. The *sodA* degenerate primers *dl* (5'-CCITAYICITAYGAYGCIYTIGARCC-3') (SEQ ID NO:95) and *d2* (5'-ARRTARTAIGCRTGYTCCCAIACRTC-3') (SEQ ID NO:96) were used to amplify an internal fragment designated sodA_{int} representing approximately 85% of their *sodA* genes. PCRs were performed on a Gene Amp System 9600 instrument (Perkin Elmer

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Cetus, Roissy, France) in a final volume of 50 μl containing 250 ng of DNA as template, 0.5 μM of each primer, 200 μM of each dNTP, and 1 U of AmpliTaq Gold DNA polymerase (Perkin Elmer) in a 1X amplification buffer (10 mM Tris-HCI [pH 8.3), 50 mM KCl, 1.5 mM MgCl₂). The PCR mixtures were denatured (3 min at 95 C), then subjected to 30 cycles of amplification (60 s of annealing at 37 C, 60 s of elongation at 72 C, and 30 s of denaturation at 95 C), and 72 C for 7 min for the last elongation cycle. A single DNA fragment corresponding to the expected 480-bp amplification product, sodA_{inb}, was observed in all cases following agarose gel electrophoresis and ethidium bromide staining (data not shown). PCR products were purified on a S-400 Sephadex column (Pharmacia, Uppsala, Sweden) and directly sequenced on both strands with the oligos d1 and d2 by using the ABI-PRISM® big dye terminator sequencing kit on a Genetic ABI-PRISM® 310 Sequencer Analyzer (Perkin Elmer). The cycle sequencing protocol was optimized as follows: the sequencing mixtures were subjected to 40 cycles of amplification consisting of 10 s of denaturation at 96 C, 5 s of annealing at 40 C, and 4 min of elongation at 60 C.

The nucleotide sequences of the $sodA_{int}$ fragments from the type strains of E.

avium, E. casseliflavus, E. cecorum, E. columbae, E. dispar, E. durans, E. faecalis, E.

faecium, E. flavescens, E. gallinarum, E. hirae, E. malodoratus, E. mundtii, E.

pseudoavium, E. raffinosus, E. saccharolyticus, E. seriolicida, E. solitarius, E.

sulfureus, and Lactococcus garvieae were determined (Table 1). We assumed that the PCR products sequenced were actual $sodA_{int}$ fragments since the corresponding deduced polypeptides all contained the amino acids characteristic of the manganese-dependent superoxide dismutase (16, 17) at the expected positions (data not shown).

Multiple alignment of these $sodA_{int}$ DNA sequences plus those from E. garvieae (Table

1), Lactococcus lactis (19), Streptococcus bovis (20) and Streptococcus pyogenes (20) was carried out by the Clustal X program (12) and an unrooted phylogenetic tree was constructed by the neighbor-joining (NJ) method (21). The sequence of the degenerate oligonucleotides d1 and d2 and alignment gaps were not taken into consideration for calculations. The reliability of the tree nodes was evaluated by calculating the percentage of 1,000 bootstrap resamplings that support each topological element. Only the nodes having a bootstrap value greater than 95% are indicated in Fig. 1 since this critical value could be used to define the monophyly of a clade of related organisms (7). This analysis revealed that, as expected, the members of the genus *Enterococcus*. with the exception of E. seriolicida were clustered within a clade supported by 99.5% of the bootstrap replicates. The sodA_{int} sequences of E. seriolicida and of L. garvieae were almost identical (99.5% of sequence identity) and were clustered with that of L. lactis within a clade supported by 96.3% of the bootstrap confidence (Fig 2 and Fig. 1). These results are consistent with the redesignation of E. seriolicida as L. garvieae (4). The phylogenetic tree representing the enterococcal sodA_{int} sequences (Fig. 1) has the same topology as the NJ tree constructed from the analysis of their 16S rDNA sequences (18). It is worth noting that the $sodA_{int}$ sequences of E. casseliflavus and E. gallinarum type strains displayed 16.9% of sequence divergence, a value similar to the 19.7% of sequence divergence observed between the ddl genes encoding the D-Ala-D-Ala ligases in these species (5). These results do not support the suggestion that E. casseliflavus and E. gallinarum comprise a single species (18). By contrast, the fact that the 16S rDNA (18), the ddl (15), the vanC (3), and the $sodA_{int}$ (Fig. 2) genes of E. casseliflavus and E. flavescens type strains were almost identical (99.9, 99.5%, 96%,

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and 98% of sequence identity, respectively) suggest that they should be associated in a single species.

The phylogenetic tree showed in Fig. 1 revealed the presence of two major clusters within the enterococcal species which we have designated the *faecium* group (E. faecium, E. durans, E. hirae, and E. mundtii) and the avium group (E. avium, E. malodoratus, E. pseudoavium, and E. raffinosus). Within each group, the 16S rDNA sequences exhibited more than 99% of sequence identity (18) whereas the highest percentage of similarity found between two sodA_{int} sequences was 87.9% (Fig. 2). These results confirm that the gene sodA constitutes a more discriminative target sequence than the 16S RNA to differentiate closely related bacterial species.

Fifteen enterococcal isolates were identified by using conventional microbiological tests, ID 32 Strep, and the sodA_{int} systems (Table 2). In all cases, the sodA_{int} sequences of the isolates displayed less than 1.5% of divergence with that of the corresponding type strain. For ten strains (NEM1616, NEM1617, NEM1621, NEM1623, NEM1624, NEM1625, NEM1626, NEM1627, NEM1628, and NEM1630), the two methods gave the same results. Four isolates (NEM1618, NEM1620, NEM1622, AND NEM1629) were identified at the species level with the sodA_{int} system but not with the conventional microbiological tests and the ID 32 Strep system. The remaining isolate NEM1619 was identified with the ID 32 Strep system as E.

hirae but was identified with the sodA_{int} system as E. durans (Table 2). The reliability of the molecular identification of NEM1164 was based on the fact that its sodA_{int} fragment displays 99.5% and 85% of sequence identity with those of the type strains of E. durans and E. hirae, respectively.

18

In conclusion, we have determined the sodA_{int} sequences of the type strains of E. avium, E. casseliflavus/E. flavescens, E. cecorum, E. columbae, E. dispar, E. durans, E. faecalis, E. faecium, E. gallinarum, E. hirae, E. malodoratus, E mundtii, E. pseudoavium, E. raffinosus, E. saccharolyticus, E. seriolicida, E. solitarius, and E. sulfureus and demonstrated the usefulness of this database for the species identification of enterococcal isolates. The identification method presented in this study is not accessible to routine clinical microbiology laboratories but it may become the gold-standard technique in reference and large research hospital laboratories for epidemiologic purposes and/or to identify problematic strains.

Other polynucleotide sequences specific for species of *Staphlococci*,

Streptococci and Abiotrophia have also been identified by using the same method.

These sequences correspond to SEQ ID NOS:54-59, SEQ ID NOS:37-58 and SEQ ID NOS:51-53, respectively. Corresponding strains and culture collection designations are set forth in the sequence listing.

TABLE 1. Enterococcal type strains used in this study

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Strain ^a | Other designation ^b | sodA _{int} |
| E. avium CIP 103019 T | ATCC 14025 | AJ387906 |
| E. casseliflavus CIP 103018 T | ATCC 25788 | AJ387907 |
| E. cecorum CIP 103676 T | ATCC 43198 | AJ387908 |
| E. columbae CIP 103675 T | ATCC 51263 | AJ387909 |
| E. dispar CIP 103646 T | ATCC 51266 | AJ387910 |
| E. durans CIP 55.125 T | ATCC 19432 | AJ387911 |
| E. faecalis CIP 103015 T | ATCC 19433 | AJ387912 |
| E. faecium CIP 103014 T | ATCC 19434 | AJ387913 |
| E. flavescens CIP 103525 T | ATCC 49996 | AJ387914 |
| E. gallinarum CIP 103013 T | ATCC 49573 | AJ387915 |
| E. hirae CIP 53.48 T | ATCC 8043 | AJ387916 |
| E. malodoratus CIP 103012 T | ATCC 43197 | AJ387917 |
| E. mundtii CIP 103010 T | ATCC 43186 | AJ387918 |
| E. pseudoavium CIP 103647 T | ATCC 49372 | AJ387919 |
| E. saccharolyticus CIP 103246 T | ATCC 43076 | AJ387920 |
| E. solitarius CIP 103330 T | NCTC 12193 | AJ387921 |
| E. raffinosus CIP 103329 T | ATCC 49427 | AJ387922 |
| E. seriolicida CIP 104369 T | ATCC 49156 | AJ387923 |
| E. sulfureus CIP 104373 T | DSM 6905 | AJ387924 |
| L. garvieae CIP 102507 T | DSM20684 | AJ387925 |

a CIP, Collection de l'Institut Pasteur.

b ATCC, American Type Culture Collection; DSM, Deutsche Sammlung Von Mikrooganismen; NCTC, National Collection of Type Cultures.

TABLE 2. Identification of various enterococcal strains by sequencing the sodA_{int}

fragment. Relevant characteristics a Bacterial species b Strain . Accession number NEM1616 E. faecalis; vanA E. faecalis (99.5) AJ387927 NEM1617 E. faecalis; vanA E. faecalis (98.6) AJ387928 NEM1618 Enterococcus sp. E. durans (99.3) · AJ387929 NEM1619 E. hirae E. durans (99.5) AJ387930 NEM1620 Enterococcus sp. E. durans (99.1) AJ387931 NEM1621 E. hirae E. hirae (99.8) AJ387932 NEM1622 Enterococcus sp. E. hirae (99.5) AJ387933 NEM1623 E. casseliflavus E. casseliflavus (99.1) AJ387934 NEM1624 E. faecium; vanB E. faecium (99.5) AJ387935 NEM1625 E. faecium; vanA E. faecium (100) AJ387936 NEM1626 E. faecium; vanB E. faecium (99.8) AJ387937 NEM1627 E. faecium; multiply E. faecium (99.8) AJ387938 resistant strain NEM1628 E. faecium; multiply E. faecium (99.8) AJ387939 resistant strain NEM1629 Enterococcus sp. E. gallinarum (98.6) AJ387940 NEM1630 E. avium E. avium (100) AJ387941

Bacterial strains were all clinical isolates from our collection which were identified by using conventional microbiological tests and the ID 32 Strep System (API-bio-Mérieux). Presence of vanA (NEM1616, NEM1617, and NEM1625) and vanB (NEM1624 and NEM1626) was determined by PCR with specific primers (3).

b The species identification was based on the phylogenic position of the $sodA_{int}$ fragment of the strain studied relative to those of the type strains, as shown in Fig.1. The number in parentheses indicates the percentage of identity of the $sodA_{int}$ fragment with that of the corresponding type strains.

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CLAIMS

1. A method for accurate identification of the species of a gram positive bacteria in a sample comprising

providing a sample suspected of containing said gram positive bacteria;

hybridizing a specific probe for a *sodA* gene or a fragment thereof to nucleic acids from said microorganism; and

detecting the presence or absence of hybridization.

- The method according to claim 1, further comprising amplification of said
 sodA gene from the microorganism prior to said hybridizing.
 - 3. The method according to claim 1, wherein said microorganism is selected from the group consisting of *Enterococci*, *Abiotrophia*, *Streptococci* and *Staphylococci*.

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4. The method according to claim 3, wherein said microorganism is an Enterococci and is selected from the group consisting of E. avium, E. casseliflavus, E. cecorum, E. columbae, E. dispar, E. durans, E. faecalis, E. faecium, E. flavescens, E. gallinarum, E. hirae, E. malodoratus, E. mundtii, E. pseudoavium, E. raffinosus, E. saccharolyticus, E. seriolicida, E. solitarius, and E. sulfureus

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein said specific probe is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:1-94.
- The method according to claim 3, wherein said microorganisms is a
 Staphyloccus and is selected from the group consisting of S. arlettae, S. auricularis, S. capitis subspecies capitis, S. capitis subspecies ureolyticus, S. caprae, S. carnosus subspecies carnosus, S. carnosus subspecies utilis, S. chromogenes, S cohnii subspecies cohnii, S. cohnii subspecies urealyticum, S. condimenti, S. delphini, S epidermidis, S. equorum, S felis, S. gallinarum, S. haemolyticus, S. hominis subspecies hominis, S. hominis subspecies novobiosepticus, S. hyicus, S. intermedius, S. kloosii, S. lentus, S. lugdunensis, S. luntae, S. muscae, S. pasterui, S. piscifermentans, S. pulvereri, S. saccharolyticus, S. saprophyticus subspecies bovis, S. saprophyticus subspecies saprophyticus, S schleiferi subspecies coagulans, S. schleiferi subspecies schleiferi, S. sciuri subspecies carnaticus, S. sciuri subspecies sciuri, S. simulans, S
 vitulinus, S. warneri, and S. xylosus.
- A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to an Enterococcus microorganism, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO:1 specific for E. avium, SEQ ID NO:2
 specific for E. casseliflavus, SEQ ID NO:3 specific for E. cecorum, SEQ ID NO:4 specific for E. columbae, SEQ ID NO:5 specific for E. dispar, SEQ ID NO:6 specific for E. durans, SEQ ID NO:7 specific for E. faecalis, SEQ ID NO:8 specific for E. faecium, SEQ ID NO:9 specific for E. flavescens, SEQ ID NO:10 specific for E.

gallinarum, SEQ ID NO:11 specific for E. hirae, SEQ ID NO:12 specific for E. malodoratus, SEQ ID NO:13 specific for E. mundtii, SEQ ID NO:14 specific for E. pseudoavium, SEQ ID NO:17 specific for E. raffinosus, SEQ ID NO:15 specific for E. saccharolyticus, SEQ ID NO:18 specific for E. seriolicida, SEQ ID NO:16 specific for E. solitarius, and SEQ ID NO:19 specific for E. sulfureus, and fragments thereof.

- 8. A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus *Enterococci*, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:21-36 specific for species in the *Enterococci*, and fragments thereof.
- 9. A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus Lactococcus garvieae, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, or a fragment thereof.

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10. A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus *Streptococcus*, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:37-50 specific for species in the *Streptococci*, and fragments thereof.

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11. A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus Abiotrophia, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence selected

from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:51-53 specific for species in the *Abiotrophia*, and fragments thereof.

- 12. A polynucleotide specifically hybridizing to a microorganism of the genus
 Staphlococcus, wherein said polynucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:54-93 specific for species in the
 Staphlococcus, and fragments thereof.
- 13. A DNA chip comprising at least one polynucleotide or a fragment thereof according to claims 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
 - 14. The method according to claim 1, wherein said fragment of sodA is $sodA_{int}$.
- 15. A method for the identification of a gram positive bacterial species selected from the group consisting of *Streptococci*, *Staphylococci*, *Abiotrophia* and *Enterococci* comprising

selecting a polynucleotide of about 425 to 445 bp comprised between two conserved domains of SOD gene said polynucleotide having flanking regions consisting in two oligonucleotidic sequences and being specific for the genus or the species to be detected;

hybridizing the DNA of the sample with the polynucleotide;

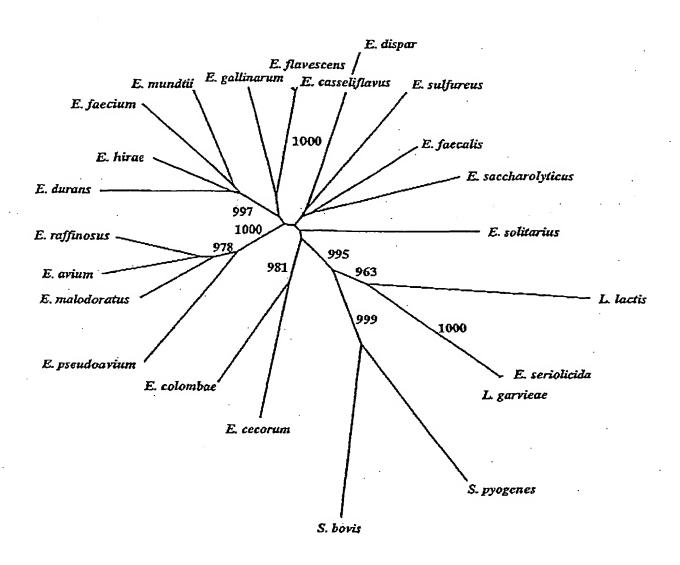
washing the hybridized sample;

visualizing the reaction of hybridization with an electric or electronic or calorimetric system.

- 16. A kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NOS: 1-94.
 - 17. A 400 bp polynucleotide sequence obtained after amplification of a DNA template from a sample by using a pair of primers SEQ ID NOS:95 and 96, wherein said pair of primers is specific for the SOD gene of a gram positive bacteria.
 - 18. The method of Claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide is about 429bp and is specific for a *Staphylococi* species.
- 19. The method of Claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide is about 435 and is specific for *Streptococci* species.
 - 20. The method of Claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide is about 438 bp and is specific for *Enterococci* species.
 - 21. The method of Claim 15, wherein the polynucleotide is about 438 to 441 bp and is specific for Abiotrophia species.

1/2

FIGURE 1



0.1

2/2

FIGURE 2

| E. cavium | | | | | | | · | | % | of ide | % of identity with: | ith: | • | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------|------|------|------|--------------|------|------|------|--------|---------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 74.0 67.4 71.9 70.3 70.3 73.7 69.9 74.2 75.1 75.6 71.0 80.1 72.6 74.0 85.4 87.9 60.7 85.4 70.8 72.6 72.4 77.9 72.4 99.5 83.1 78.5 77.4 71.5 73.5 74.0 76.7 76.7 66.4 78.8 72.6 65.9 67.4 70.3 64.2 65.5 71.7 65.8 67.6 66.0 62.8 69.4 68.9 71.7 69.2 70.8 72.6 73.1 68.7 69.6 72.1 72.8 73.3 71.9 67.1 70.3 77.4 68.7 72.8 72.1 73.5 72.8 70.5 71.0 69.4 72.1 70.3 62.6 73.1 81.3 72.4 76.3 84.9 80.1 69.6 72.8 70.5 71.5 73.3 62.1 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 62.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 71.9 62.1 83.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 10.9 71.0 72.4 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.1 72.8 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 72.1 | Strain | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | ∞ | 6 | 51 | | 12 | 13 | 1. 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 158 | 1 E. avium | 74.0 | 67.4 | | 70.3 | 70.3 | 73.7 | 6.69 | 74.2 | 75.1 | 75.6 | 71.0 | 80.1 | 72.6 | 74.0 | 85.4 | 87.9 | 60.7 | 67.1 |
| 78.8 72.4 6\$\text{6}\to 68.7 66.2 66.9 67.4 70.3 \$44.2 65.5 71.7 65.8 67.6 66.0 62.8 69.4 68.9 71.7 69.2 70.8 72.6 73.1 68.7 69.6 72.1 72.8 73.3 71.9 67.1 70.3 77.4 68.7 72.8 72.1 73.5 72.8 70.5 71.0 69.4 72.1 70.3 62.6 73.1 81.3 72.4 76.3 84.9 80.1 69.6 72.8 70.5 71.5 73.3 62.1 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 71.2 78.8 73.5 77.9 75.1 67.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 71.9 62.1 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 99.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 99.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 77.4 75.1 65.2 65.8 99.1 78.3 77.4 75.1 65.2 87.8 78.8 78.5 77.4 75.1 65.2 87.8 78.8 78.8 78.8 78.8 78.8 78.8 78 | 2 E. casseliflavus | | 66.4 | | 72.6 | 72.4 | 77.9 | 72.4 | 99.5 | 83.1 | 78.5 | 77.4 | 71.5 | 73.5 | 74.0 | 76.7 | 76.7 | 66.4 | 75.6 |
| 69.4 68.9 71.7 69.2 70.8 72.6 73.1 68.7 69.6 72.1 72.8 73.3 71.9 67.1 70.3 77.4 68.7 72.8 72.1 73.5 72.8 70.5 71.0 69.4 72.1 70.3 62.6 73.1 81.3 72.4 76.3 84.9 80.1 69.6 72.8 70.5 71.5 73.3 62.1 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 71.2 78.8 73.5 77.9 75.1 67.1 72.6 78.3 77.2 77.2 72.1 72.8 73.3 77.2 77.9 75.1 67.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 84.8 73.3 76.0 73.5 77.4 75.1 62.2 87.8 64.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 7 | 3 E. cecorum | | | 78.8 | 72.4 | $6\dot{6}.0$ | 68.7 | 66.2 | 6.99 | 67.4 | 70.3 | 64.2 | 65.5 | 711.7 | 65.8 | 9.79 | 0.99 | 62.8 | 68.7 |
| 70.3 77.4 68.7 72.8 72.1 73.5 72.8 70.5 71.0 694 72.1 70.3 62.6 73.8 70.5 71.5 73.3 62.1 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 71.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 62.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 62.1 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 75.9 65.8 83.1 78.5 73.3 76.0 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 62.3 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 70.8 63.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 70.8 63.8 63.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 70.8 63.8 63.8 63.8 63.8 63.8 63.8 63.8 63 | 4 E. colombae | | | | 69.4 | 689 | 71.7 | 69.2 | 70.8 | 72.6 | 73.1 | 68.7 | 9.69 | 72.1 | 72.8 | 73.3 | 71.9 | 67.1 | 69.2 |
| 73.1 81.3 72.4 76.3 84.9 80.1 69.6 72.8 70.5 71.5 73.3 62.1 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 71.2 78.8 73.5 77.9 75.1 67.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 62.1 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 83.1 mm 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 83.1 78.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 83.5 77.4 75.1 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 77.4 75.1 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.5 77.4 75.1 77.0 62.1 77.0 75.0 75.0 75.1 77.0 75.0 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.1 75.1 75.1 75.1 75.1 75.1 75.1 | 5 E. dispar | | | | | 70.3 | 77.4 | 68.7 | 72.8 | 72.1 | 73.5 | 72.8 | 70.5 | 71.0 | 69.4 | 72.1 | 70.3 | 62.6 | 74.9 |
| 72.6 78.3 77.6 77.9 72.4 71.2 78.8 73.5 77.9 75.1 67.1 72.4 77.2 83.1 81.7 67.4 72.6 69.4 71.9 71.9 62.1 83.1 78.3 77.2 72.1 72.8 74.4 77.2 76.9 65.8 80.8 78.5 73.3 76.0 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 81.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2 81.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 65.2 81.6 81.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 75.1 65.2 81.6 81.6 73.5 77.4 75.1 75.1 62.8 9ticus um um um um viiicus us us us 42.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 64.8 64 | 6 E. durans | | | | | | 73.1 | 81.3 | 72.4 | 76.3 | 84.9 | 80.1 | 9.69 | 72.8 | 70.5 | 71.5 | 73.3 | 62.1 | 73.7 |
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| 80.8 78.5 73.3 76.0 73.5 77.4 75.1 66.2. 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 76.7 63.5 70.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.9 71.0 69.2 81.7 80.4 62.8 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 | 9 E. flavescens | | | | | | | | | 83.1 | 78.3 | 77.2 | 72.1 | 72.8 | 74.4 | 77.2 | 76.9 | 65.8 | 74.9 |
| 83.6 71.5 73.3 73.5 77.4 76.7 63.5 1011 1012 1018 1019 1019 1028 1039 1040 105 105 1062 119 110 1062 11 110 1062 11 110 110 | 10 E. gallinarum | | | | | | | | | • | 80.8 | 78.5 | 73.3 | 76.0 | 73.5 | 77.4 | 75.1 | 66.2 | 7.97 |
| 10.8 69.4 69.6 71.9 73.5 63.9 71.0 mm 70.5 69.2 81.7 80.4 62.8 71.0 62.1 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 74.2 72.8 64.8 87.9 63.5 87.9 63.5 87.9 63.5 | 11 E. hirae | | | | | | | | | | | 83.6 | 71.5 | 73.3 | 73.5 | 77.4 | 76.7 | 63.5 | 75.3 |
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| 72.4 75.1 71.0 62.1 74.2 72.8 64.8 tus 47.2 72.8 64.8 64.6 | 13 E. pseudoavium | | | | | | | | | | | | | 70.5 | 69.2 | 81.7 | 80.4 | 62.8 | 65.3 |
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| | 19 E. sulfureus | į | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |

SEQUENCE LISTING

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| <120> Method for detecting and identifying a gram positive bacteria in a sam | pl |
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| gttgcaa | act | taaatgagtt | gcctgaagat | attcagacgg | ctgttcgtaa | caatggcggt | 180 |
| ggtcatg | jċga | accatagett | tttctggaag | atcatggcac | caaacgcggg | tggtgcgcca | 240 |
| actggtg | ıcga | tcaaagacgc | cattgacgaa | gctttcggcg | gctttgaaaa | aatgaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattca | aac | ttgctgcgac | aggacgtttt | ggttctggtt | gggcttggtt | agtttggaac | 360 |
| aatggca | agt | tggaaattac | gtcaactgct | aatcaagaca | atccattgac | tgacgggaaa | 420 |
| acaccaa | tca | ttggctta | | | | | 438 |
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| <211> <212> | 15 438 DNA Ente | erococcus s | accharolytic | cus | | | |
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| | | | | | | | |
| | CIP | 103246 Т (2 | ATCC 43076) | | | · | |
| | 15 | · | · | antananna | | | |
| cacattg | 15 atg | ttgaaacaat | gcatttacat | | accataacac | | 60 |
| cacattg | 15 atg | ttgaaacaat | gcatttacat | | accataacac aaaaatctgt | | 60 120 |
| cacattg aacttaa | 15 atg atg | ttgaaacaat | gcatttacat | gaattaggcg | | agaagattta | |
| cacattg acttaa atttctg | 15 atg atg | ttgaaacaat cagcagttga tagcagcagt | gcatttacat aaaatatcct tcctgaagat | gaattaggcg attcgcacag | aaaaatctgt | agaagattta caatggtggt | 120 |
| cacattg aacttaa atttctg ggacatg | 15 atg atg att caa | ttgaaacaat cagcagttga tagcagcagt accatacatt | gcatttacat aaaatatcct tcctgaagat cttttgggaa | gaattaggcg attcgcacag attatggcac | aaaaatctgt ccgtacgcaa | agaagattta caatggtggt tggcgaacct | 120 |
| cacattg acttaa atttctg ggacatg gtaggcg | 15 atg atg att caa agc | ttgaaacaat cagcagttga tagcagcagt accatacatt taaaagcagc | gcatttacat aaaatatcct tcctgaagat cttttgggaa gattgacgaa | gaattaggcg attcgcacag attatggcac aaatttggta | aaaaatctgt ccgtacgcaa caaacgctgg | agaagattta caatggtggt tggcgaacct attcaaagca | 120 180 240 |
| cacattg acttaa atttctg ggacatg gtaggcg gaattta | atg atg att caa agc aag | ttgaaacaat cagcagttga tagcagcagt accatacatt taaaagcagc | gcatttacat aaaatatcct tcctgaagat cttttgggaa gattgacgaa tagccgattt | gaattaggcg attcgcacag attatggcac aaatttggta ggttctggtt | aaaaatctgt ccgtacgcaa caaacgctgg gctttgatgc | agaagatta caatggtggt tggcgaacct attcaaagca agctttaaat | 120 180 240 300 |
| cacattg acttaa atttctg ggacatg gtaggcg gaattta aatgggt | 15 atg atg att caa agc aag | ttgaaacaat cagcagttga tagcagcagt accatacatt taaaagcagc | gcatttacat aaaatatcct tcctgaagat cttttgggaa gattgacgaa tagccgattt | gaattaggcg attcgcacag attatggcac aaatttggta ggttctggtt | aaaaatctgt ccgtacgcaa caaacgctgg gctttgatgc gggcttggtt | agaagatta caatggtggt tggcgaacct attcaaagca agctttaaat | 120 180 240 300 360 |

<210> 16

<211> 438

<212> DNA

<213> Enterococcus solitarius

| <220> <223> CIP | 103330 T (NO | CTC 12193) | | | | |
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| <400> 16 | | | | | | |
| tattttgacg | aagagaccat q | gcatttgcat | catgataaac | accataacac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aacttaaatg | cagcgattga a | aaacatcct | gaattaggcg | aaaaatcagt | ggaagaccta | 120 |
| atggcagatc | ttgatagtgt o | cctgaagat | atttttacag | cagtacgtaa | taacggcggt | . 180 |
| ggacatgtaa | atcattcttt c | cttctggaag | attttatctc | cagatggagg | cggtgaacca | 240 |
| accggtgcat | taaaagatgc g | gattgatcaa | gaatttggca | gttttgatgc | ttttaaagat | 300 |
| gaatttaagg | cagctgccac c | ggtcgtttt | ggttctggct | gggcttggtt | agttttagat | 360 |
| aacggcaaat | taaaaattac t | tcgacgcca | aaccaagatt | ctccattgac | agatggacaa | 420 |
| attcctatta | ttggctta | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 17 | | | | | | |
| <211> 438 <212> DNA | | | | | • | |
| <213> Ente | rococcus raf | finosus | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 103329 T (AT | CC 49427) | | | | |
| <400> 17 | | | | | | |
| | ttgaaacgat g | | | | | 60 |
| aacttgaatg | ctgcgattga a | aaatatcca | gaattaggcg | aacaatcaat | cgaagaatta | 120 |
| gtgacgaact | tgaatgaagt t | cctgaagac | attcgtacag | cggtacgtaa | taatggcggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcga | accacagett c | ttctggaaa | atcatggcgc | ctaatgctgg | cggcgaacca | 240 |
| acaggtgcga | tcaaagaagc a | attgatcaa | gctttcggca | gctttgagaa | aatgaaggaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaga | cagcggcaac a | ggacgtttt | ggttctggtt | gggcatggtt | ggtattgaac | 360 |
| aacggtaaat | tagaaattac a | tcaaccgcg | aatcaagata | gcccattgac | tgatggcaaa | 420 |
| acaccaatta | ttggttta | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 18 | | | | | | |
| (211> 438 (212> DNA | | | | | | |
| · · · - | rococcus seri | iolicida | | | | |
| (220> | | | | | | |
| (223> CIP | 104369 T (ATC | CC 49156) | | | | |
| (400> 18 | | | | | | |
| ctttgatg a | aagaaacaat go | cacttgcac (| catgacaaac | atcaccaaac | atacgtaaat | 60 |
| atcttaato (| cagogattga aa | aacaccca (| raattotto | ataaaactet : | + ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ + + ~ | 120 |

| gtggcttatt | tggaccgttt | gccagaagac | attcgtgttg | cggtacgtaa | caacggtgga | 180 |
|--|--------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|
| ggacacttga | accacacaat | gttctgggaa | tggctcgctc | caaatgcagg | tggtgcacca | 240 |
| acaggtgata | tegetgeage | aatcgatgaa | gcttttggtt | catttgacga | cttcaaagct | 300 |
| gaatttaaag | cagctgctac | aggacgtttc | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agttcttgat | 360 |
| tacggtaaac | ttaaggttgt | ttccacagca | aaccaagata | acccaatttc | tgatggccaa | 420 |
| attccagtgc | ttggtctt | | | | | 438 |
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| <210> 19 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Ent | erococcus su | _ | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 104373 T (E | DSM 6905) | | | | |
| <400> 19 caaatcgatg | tggaaacaat | gcatttacat | cacgataaac | atcacaatac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aacttaaatg | cagcggttga | aaaatatcct | gaattagcag | aaaaatcagt | ggaagactta | 120 |
| atcgcagata | tggatgcaat | cccaagtgat | attcaaacag | cagtacgtaa | taatggtggt | 180 |
| ggccatgcca | atcatagttt | cttctgggaa | atcttgacac | caaatgctac | tgaagaacca | 240 |
| gtaggcgaat | taaaaacagc | gatcgaagat | acatttggat | ctttagatgc | attaaaagaa | 300 |
| gaatttaaaa | aagcagcaac | tggccgtttt | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agtagtaaaa | 360 |
| gacggtaaat | tagccgtaac | gtctacagca | aaccaagatt | caccattaat | agaaggccaa | 420 |
| actcctgttt | taggttta | | | | | 438 |
| <210> 20 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Lact | ococcus gar | vieae | · | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 102507 T (D | SM20684) | | | | |
| <400> 20 ttctttgatg | aagaaacaat | gcacttgcac | catgacaaac | atcaccaaac | atacgtaaat | 60 |
| aatcttaatg | cagegattga | aaaacaccca | gaattctttg | ataaaactgt | tgaagaatta | 120 |
| gtggcttatt | tggaccgttt (| gccagaagac | attcgtgttg | cagtacgtaa | caacggtgga | 180 |
| ggacacttga | accacacaat | gttctgggaa | tggctcgctc | caaatgcagg | tggtgcacca | 240 |
| acaggtgata | tcactacaac : | aatcoatoaa | acttttaatt | catttgacga | cttcaaacct | 300 |

| gaatttaaa | g cagctgctac | aggacgtttc | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agttcttgat | 360 |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------|
| tacggtaaa | ttaaagttgt | ttccacagca | aaccaagata | acccaattto | : tgatggccaa | 420 |
| attccagtg | ttggtctt | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 21 <211> 438 |) | | | | | |
| <212> DN2 | 7 | | | | | |
| <213> Ent | erococcus fa | ecalis | | | | |
| <220> <223> CII | 105042 | | | | | |
| <400> 21 | | | | | - | |
| tacattgaco | tggaaacaat (| gcacttacac | catgataaac | accacaacac | ttatgtgact | 60 |
| aacttaaaco | cagcgattga a | aaaacatcca | gaattaggcg | aaaaatctgt | agaagaccta | .120 |
| atttcagata | tgaatgctat t | tcctgaagat | atccgcacag | ccgttcgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| gggcacgcaa | accatacatt o | cttctgggaa | attatggcac | caaatgctgg | tggacaacca | 240 |
| actggcgcta | ttaaagaagc a | aatcgatgaa | acatttggca | gctttgatga | aatgaaagct | 300 |
| gctttcaaaa | cagctgcaac t | ggccgcttt | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agttgtgaat | 360 |
| aacggtaaat | tagaaatcac t | tctacacca | aaccaagatt | caccattaat | ggatggccaa | 420 |
| acacctgttt | taggtctt | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 22 | | | | | | |
| <211> 438 <212> DNA | | | | | | |
| <213> Ent | erococcus fae | calis | | | | |
| <220> <223> NEM | 1616 (Clinica | 1 :1-+-1 | | | | |
| | roio (ciinica | il isolate) | | | | |
| <400> 22 tacattgacg | tggaaacaat g | cacttacac | catgataaac | accacaacac | ttatgtgact | 60 |
| aacttaaacg | cagcgattga a | aaacatcca | gaattaggcg | aaaaatctgt | agaagaccta | 120 |
| atttcagata | tgaatgctat t | cctgaagat | atccgtacag | ccgttcgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggtcacgcaa | accatacatt c | ttctgggaa | attatggcac | caaatgctgg | tggacaacca | 240 |
| actggcgcta | ttaaagaagc a | atcgatgaa | acatttggta | gctttgatga | aatgaaagct | 300 |
| gctttcaaaa | cagctgcaac t | ggccgcttt | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agttgtgaat | 360 |
| aacggtaaat | tagaaatcac c | tcaacacca | aaccaagatt | caccattaat | ggatggccaa | 420 |
| acacctgttt | taggtctt | | | | | 438 |

PCT/IB01/01155 WO 01/88186

| <210> <211> <212> <213> | 23 438 DNA Ent | erococcus f | aecalis | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
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| <400> | 23 | | | | | | |
| tacattg | jacg | tggaaacaat | gcacttacác | catgataaac | accacaacac | ttatgtgact | 60 |
| aacttaa | acg | cagcgattga | aaaacatcca | gaattaggcg | aaaaatctgt | agaagaccta | 120 . |
| atttcag | gata | tgaatgctat | tcctgaagat | atccgcacag | ccgttcgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| gggcacg | caa | accatacatt | cttctgggaa | attatggcac | caaatgctgg | cggacaacca | 240 |
| actggcg | ıcta | ttaaagaagc | aatcgatgaa | acatttggca | gctttgatga | aatgaaagct | 300 |
| gctttca | aaa | cagctgcaac | tggccgcttt | ggttcaggtt | gggcttggtt | agttgtgaat | 360 |
| aacggta | aat | tagaaatcac | ttctacacca | aaccaagatt | caccattaat | ggatggccaa | 420 |
| acacctg | ttt | taggtctt | | | • | | . 438 |
| | | | | | | | |
| <211> <212> | 24 438 DNA Ente | erococcus du | ırans | | | | |
| <220> | | | | | | | |
| <223> | NEM] | 618 (Clinio | cal isolate | | | | |
| | 24 atg | aagaaacgat | gcacttgcat | catgacaaac | accataatac | ttatgttaca | 60 |
| aatttaa | acg | cagctattga | aaagtatcca | gaattaggcg | aaaaatcagt | ggaagaattg | 120 |
| ctttctg | ata | tggacgcgat | tcctactgat | attaagacag | cggtacaaaa | caatggtggt | 180 |
| ggacatg | caa | accattcatt | tttctggaaa | atcatggcac | ctaatgcagg | tggcgaacca | 240 |
| acagggg | aaa | tcaaagaagc | gattgatgaa | gcttttggtg | atttcgcaac | atttaaagaa | 300 |
| gagttca | aga | aagcggctgc | cggacgcttt | ggatcaggtt | gggcatggtt | agtattggaa | 360 |
| gatggtaa | aat | tggcaatcac | ttctacagca | aaccaagatt | ctccattgat | gacaggccaa | 420 |
| acacctat | tct | taggatta | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | | |

<210> 25 `<211> 438 .

<212> DNA

<213> Enterococcus durans

| <220> <223> NEM1619 (Clinical isolate) | |
|---|--------------|
| <400> 25 tatatcgatg aagaaacgat gcacttgcat catgacaaac accataatac tta | 3+~++> |
| | |
| aatttaaacg cagctattga aaagtatcca gaattaggcg aaaaatcagt gga | |
| ctttctgata tggacgcgat tcccactgat attaagacag cggtacaaaa caa | atggtggt 180 |
| ggacatgcaa accattcatt tttctggaaa atcatggcac ctaatgcagg tgg | gegaacca 240 |
| acaggcgaaa tcaaagaagc gattgatgaa gcttttggtg atttcgcaac att | taaagaa 300 |
| gagttcaaga aagcggctgc cggacgcttt ggatcaggtt gggcatggtt agt | attggaa 360 |
| gatggtaaat tggcaatcac ttctacagca aaccaagatt ctccattgat gac | aggccaa 420 |
| acacctatct taggatta | 438 |
| | |
| <210> 26 | |
| <211> 438 · | |
| <213> Enterococcus durans | |
| <220> | |
| <223> NEM1620 (Clinical isolate) | |
| <400> 26 | |
| tatategatg aagaaaegat geaettgeat eatgacaaae accataatae tta | tgttaca 60 |
| aatttaaacg cagctattga aaagtatcca aaattaggcg aaaaatcagt gga | agaattg 120 |
| ctttctgata tggacgcgat tcctactgat attaagacag cggtacaaaa caa | tggtggt 180 |
| ggacatgcaa accattcatt tttctggaaa atcatggcac ctaatgcagg tgg | cgaacca 240 |
| acaggcgaaa tcaaagaagc gattgatgaa gcttttggtg atttcgcaac att | taaagaa 300 |
| gagttcaaga aagcggctgc cggacgcttt ggatcaggtt gggcatggtt agt | attggaa 360 |
| gatggtaaat cggcaatcac ttctacagca aaccaagatt ctccattgat gac | aggccaa 420 |
| acacctatct taggatta | 438 |
| | |
| | |
| <210> 27 <211> 438 | |
| <211> 436 <212> DNA | |
| <213> Enterococcus hirae | |
| <220> | |
| <223> NEM1621 (Clinical isolate) | |
| <400> 27 | |
| catategatg aagaaaegat geaettgeat catgacaaac accataatae tta | tgtaaca 60 |

| aatttaaatg cagcgattga aaaacatcca gaactaggtg aaaaaacaat cgaagaacta | 120 |
|---|-----|
| ctttctgata tggatgctgt ccctacagat atcaagactg ctgtacgtaa taatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcaa accattettt ettetggaaa ateatggeae caaatgetgg tggegaaeca | 240 |
| actggtgcaa ttaaagaagc gattgatgaa gcctttggtg attttgcaac atttaaggaa | 300 |
| gaatttaaaa aagctgcagc tggccgtttt ggttcaggtt gggcttggtt agtgatggaa | 360 |
| aatggtaaat tagcgatcac ttcaacagcc aaccaagatt caccattaat ggaaggcaaa | 420 |
| acacctattt taggttta | 438 |
| <210> 28 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enterococcus hirae <220> <223> NEM1622 (Clinical isolate) | |
| <400> 28 tatatcgatg aagaaacgat gcacttgcat catgacaaac accataatac ttatgtaaca | 60 |
| aatttaaatg cagcgattga aaaacatcca gaactaggtg aaaaaacaat cgaagaacta | 120 |
| ctttctgata tggatgctgt ccctacagat atcaagactg ctgtacgtaa taatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcaa accattcttt cttctggaaa atcatggcac caaatgctgg tggcgaacca | 240 |
| actggtgcaa ttaaagaagc gattgatgaa gcctttggtg attttgcaac atttaaggaa | 300 |
| gaatttaaaa aagctgcggc tggccgtttt ggttcaggtt gggcttggtt agtgatggaa | 360 |
| aatggtaaat tagcgatcac ttcaacagcc aaccaagatt caccattaat ggaaggcaaa | 420 |
| acacctattt taggttta | 438 |
| <210> 29 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enterococcus casseliflavus/Enterococcus flavescens | |
| <220> <223> NEM1623 (Clinical isolate) | |
| <400> 29 tatattgatg aagaaacgat gcatttgcat catgataaac accacaacac ttatgtaaca | 60 |
| aacttaaatg cagcgattga aaaacatcct gaattaggtg aaaaaacagt tgaagaatta | 120 |
| ttagcagact tttcttctgt acctgaagat attcaaacag cggttcgcaa caatggcggc | 180 |
| ggccatgcta accacacatt cttctgggaa atcttaggcc caaatgctgg tggcgaacct | 240 |
| actggggcaa tcaaagaggc aattgaagaa acattcggca gctttgaaga ctttaaagaa | 300 |

| gaatttaaaa cto | gctgcaac | tggacgtttt | ggttcaggtt | gggcatggtt | agtcgttaaa | 360 |
|--|-----------|-------------|--------------------|------------|------------|-----|
| gacggtaaac tag | gcaatcac | ttcaaccgcg | aatcaagatt | caccattgat | ggatggtcaa | 420 |
| acacctgtat tag | gttta | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 30 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enteroc | occus fa | ecium | | | | |
| <220> <223> NEM1624 | (Clinic | al isolate |) | | | |
| <400> 30 | | | | | | |
| tatattgacg aag | aaacgat | gcatctgcat | catgataagc | atcacaatac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aatttaaatg cag | caattga | gaaataccca | gaattaggcg | aaaaaacaat | agaagaatta | 120 |
| ttatctgata tgg | acgctat | tccaacagat | atcaagacag | ctgtacgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcta acc | attcatt · | tttctgggaa | atcatggca <i>c</i> | caaatgctgg | tggcgaacct | 240 |
| acaggagaaa taa | aagaagc | gattaaagaa | gcttttggtg | atttttcttc | ttttaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaaa aag | cageege f | tggacgattt | ggttctggat | gggcttggct | tgtaatggaa | 360 |
| aatggaaaat tag | ctattac (| ctctactgca | aatcaagatt | ctccattgat | ggaaggaaag | 420 |
| acaccaattc tag | gtttg | | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 31 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enteroco | occus fae | ecium | | | | |
| <220> <223> NEM1625 | (Clinica | al isolate) | | | | |
| <400> 31 tatattgacg aaga | aaacgat ç | gcatctgcat | catgataagc | atcacaatac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aatttaaatt cago | caattga ç | gaaataccca | gaattaggcg | aaaaaacaat | agaagaatta | 120 |
| ttatctgata tgga | acgctat t | ccaacagat | atcaagacag | ctgtacgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcta acca | attcatt t | ttctgggaa | atcatggcac | caaatgctgg | tggcgaacct | 240 |
| acaggagaaa taaa | aagaagc g | gattaatgaa | gcttttggtg | atttttcttc | ttttaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaaa aagc | cageege t | ggacgattt | ggttctggat | gggcttggct | tgtaatggaa | 360 |
| aatggaaaat tagc | tattac c | tctactgca | aatcaagatt | ctccattgat | ggaaggaaag | 420 |
| acaccaattc tagg | ıtttg | | | | | 438 |

PCT/IB01/01155 WO 01/88186

| <210> <211> <212> <213> | 32 438 DNA Ent | erococcus fa | aecium | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| <220> <223> | NEM: | 1626 (Clinio | cal isolate |) | | | |
| <400> | 32 | | | | | | |
| tatattg | acg | aagaaacgat | gcatctgcat | catgataagc | atcacaatac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aatttaa | atg | cagcaattga | gaaataccca | gaattaggcg | aaaaaacaat | agaagaatta | 120 |
| ttatctg | ata | tggacgctat | tccaacagat | atcaagacag | ctgtacgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatg | cta | accattcatt | tttctgggaa | atcatggcac | caaatgctgg | tggcgaacct | 240 |
| acaggag | aaa | taaaagaagc | gattaatgaa | gcttttggtg | atttttcttc | ttttaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattca | aaa | aagcagccgc | tggàcgattt | ggttctggat | gggcttggct | tgtaatggaa | 360 |
| aatggaa | aat | tagctattac | ctctactgca | aatcaagatt | ctccattgat | ggaaggaaag | 420 |
| acaccaa | ttc | taggtttg | | | | | 438 |
| <211> <212> <213> <220> | | erococcus fa | · | | | | |
| <400> | 2.2 | • | | | | | |
| | 33 acg | aagaaacgat | gcatctgcat | catgataagc | atcacaatac | ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aatttaa | atg | cagcaattga | gaaataccca | gaattaggcg | aaaaaacaat | agaagaatta | 120 |
| ttatctg | ata | tggacgctat | tccaacagat | atcaagacag | ctgtacgtaa | caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatg | cta | accattcatt | tttctgggaa | atcatggcac | caaatgctgg | tggcgaacct | . 240 |
| acaggag | aaa | taaaagaagc | gattaatgaa | gcttttggtg | atttttcttc | ttttaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattca | aaa | aagcagccgc | tggacgattt | ggttctggat | gggcttggct | tgtaatggaa | 360 |
| aatggaa | aat | tagctattac | ctctactgca | aatcaagatt | ctccattgat | ggaaggaaag | 420 |
| acaccaa | ttc | taggtttg | | | | | 438 |
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<210> 34

<211> 438 <212> DNA

<213> Enterococcus faecium

| <220> <223> NEM1628 (Clinical isolate) | |
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| <400> 34 | |
| tatattgacg aagaaacgat gcatctgcat catgataagc atcacaatac ttatgtgacg | 60 |
| aatttaaatt cagcaattga gaaataccca gaattaggcg aaaaaacaat agaagaatta | 120 |
| ttatctgata tggacgctat tccaacagat atcaagacag ctgtacgtaa caatggtggc | 180 |
| ggacatgcta accattcatt tttctgggaa atcatggcac caaatgctgg tggcgaacct | 240 |
| acaggagaaa taaaagaagc gattaatgaa gctttttgtg attttcttc ttttaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaaa aagcagccgc tggacgattt ggttctggat gggcttggct tgtaatggaa | 360 |
| aatggaaaat tagctattac ctctactgca aatcaagatt ctccattgat ggaaggaaag | 420 |
| acaccaattc taggtttg | 438 |
| | |
| <210> 35 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enterococcus gallinarum | |
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| <223> NEM1629 (Clinical isolate) | |
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| tgcattgatg aagaaacgat gcatttgcat catgacaagc atcacaatac ttacgtcaca | 60 |
| aatttgaatg cagcaattga aaaacatcct gaattaggtg aaaaatcagt tgaagaatta | 120 |
| cttgctgatt ttgattcggt gcctgaagac atcaaaacag ctgtccgtaa taacggtggt | 180 |
| ggtcatgcaa atcacagctt tttctgggaa atcttggcac caaatgctgg tggtgaacca | 240 |
| acaggagcca tcaaagaagc catcgaagaa acatttggca gctttgctga tttcaaagaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaaa cagcagcaac tggccgcttt ggttctggct gggcttggtt agtcatcaaa | 360 |
| gatggtaaat tagcgatcac ttcaactgcg aaccaagatt caccattaat ggacggtcaa | 420 |
| acgccagttt taggctta | 438 |
| | |
| <210> 36 <211> 438 <212> DNA <213> Enterococcus avium | |
| <pre>220> 223> NEM1630 (Clinical isolate)</pre> | |
| 400> 36 | |
| atatcgatg ttgaaacgat gcatttgcat catgacaaac accataacac ttatgtaaca | 60 |
| atttaaatg ctgcgattga aaaatatccg gaattagaag aacagtcaat tgaagagcta | 120 |

| atgaaaaact | taaatgaagt | tcctgaggac | attcgtacgg | ctgtacgtaa | taacggcggc | 180 |
|--|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| ggacatgcta | accacagett | cttctggaaa | attatggctc | caaatgctgg | tggtgaacct | 240 |
| acaggcgcga | ttaaggacgc | aattgatcaa | gcatttggca | gctttgaaaa | aatgaaggaa | 300 |
| gaattcaaga | ctgcagcaac | tggtcgtttt | ggttctggct | gggcatggtt | agtattgaac | 360 |
| aatggaaaat | tagaaattac | ttctactgca | aatcaagaca | gcccattaac | tgatggaaaa | 420 |
| acaccgatca | ttggctta | | | | ٠ | . 438 |
| | | | | | | |
| <210> 37 <211> 435 <212> DNA <213> Stre | eptococcus c | difficilis | | | | |
| <220> | • | | | | • | |
| | 103768 T (F | ATCC 51487) | • - | • | | |
| <400> 37 catattgatg | ctgagacaat | gacactacat | catgataagc | accatgcaac | ttatgttgct | 60 |
| aatgcaaatg | ctgctcttga | gaaacatcct | gaaattggag | aagacttaga | ggcgctctta | 120 |
| gctgatgttt | ctcaaattcc | agaagatatt | cgtcaggcag | tcatcaataa | cggtggtgga | 180 |
| catcttaacc | acgctctttt | ctgggaattg | atgtcaccag | aagaaactca | aatttcaaaa | 240 |
| gagttatctg | aagacattga | tgcaactttt | ggttcatttg | aagactttaa | agctgctttc | 300 |
| acagcagcag | caacaggacg | ttttggttca | ggttgggctt | ggcttgttgt | taatgctgaa | 360 |
| ggcaaacttg | aagtgctttc | aactgccaat | caagatactc | caattatgga | aggtaagaaa | 420 |
| ccaattttag | ggctt | | | | | 435 |
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| <210> 38 <211> 435 | | | | | | |
| (212> DNA | | | | | | |
| <213> Stre | eptococcus f | erus | | | | |
| (220> (223> CIP | 103225 T (A | TCC 33477) | | | | |
| (400> 38 | 000000000 | | | | | |
| | cggagacaat | | | | | 60 |
| | cagcccttga | | | | | 120 |
| • | agtctattcc | | | | | 180 |
| atctgaatc | atgcgctttt | ctgggagttg | ctgtcaccag | aaaaaacaac | catttcagct | 240 |
| aactgaagg | ctgatattga | agctagtttt | aattettta | accantttaa | agaggeettt | 300 |

| acaacggctg ctacaacacg ctttggttca ggctgggctt ggctcgttgt caatcaagaa | 360 |
|---|-----|
| ggacagttag aggtggtttc aacagctaat caagacacac caatttcaca aggtttgaaa | 420 |
| cccatcttgg ttcta | 435 |
| | |
| <210> 39 | |
| <212> DNA | |
| | |
| <220> <223> CIP 105428 T (JCM 10005) | |
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| tatattgata cagaaacaat gacaattcac catgataaac atcacgctac ttatgtggca | 60 |
| aatgtaaatg cagcgcttga aaaacatcca gaaattggag aggatttgga agctttgttg | 120 |
| gcagatgttg acagtattcc agcagatatc cgtcaagcgg tgattaataa cggtggtggg | 180 |
| catttgaatc acgccctttt ctgggaattg ttatcgcctg aaaaacaaga accaacagcg | 240 |
| caagtgttgg ctgcgattga ggaagatttt ggctcatttg acgaattcaa agctgctttc | 300 |
| acgcaagctg cgacaactcg ctttgggtca gggtgggctt ggcttgtggt gaatgaaaat | 360 |
| ggcaaacttg aagtgctctc aacagctaat caagacacac caatttcaca aggaaaagca | 420 |
| ccaattttgg cactt | 435 |
| | |
| <210> 40 <211> 435 | |
| <212> DNA | |
| <213> Streptococcus hyointestinalis | |
| <220> <223> CIP 103372 T (ATCC 49169) | |
| <400> 40 | |
| tatatcgatg ctgagacaat gactctccac catgacaaac accatgcgac ttatgtggca | 60 |
| aatgtcaatg cggcccttga aaaacacact gaaatcggtg aagacttggt ggcacttttg | 120 |
| tctgacgtgg aaaaaatccc tgctgacatc cgtcaagccg ttatcaacaa cggcggagga | 180 |
| catctcaacc acgctctttt ctgggaattg atgacaccag aaaagacaga ggtttcagca | 240 |
| gaattgttag cagatattga agctactttt ggctcatttg acgctttcaa agacgctttc | 300 |
| tcagcagcag ctgcgactcg ctttggctca ggttgggctt ggcttgtcgt gaatgctgaa | 360 |
| ggaaaactcg aaattctctc aacagctaac caagacaacc ctatcatgga tggcaaacaa | 420 |
| cctatccttg gacta | 435 |

| <210> <211> <212> <213> | 41 435 DNA Stre | eptococcus : | hyovaginali | s | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| <220> <223> | CIP | 105517 т | | | | | |
| <400> | 41 | | | | | | |
| caaattg | gatg | cagaaacaat | gacccttcat | cacgacaagc | accacgctac | ttatgtagca | 60 |
| aatgcta | atg | ccgctttgga | aaaacacccc | gaacttggag | atgacgttgc | agcactctta | 120 |
| tcggatg | rttg | acagcattcc | agaagatatt | cgccaagccc · | tcatcaataa | tggcggtggt | 180 |
| cacctta | acc | acgcattgtt | ctgggaactt | ctttcaccag | aaaagacaga | aatcacagaa | 240 |
| gatgtca | agg | ctgctattga | tgacgctttt | ggttcatttg | acgccttcaa | agaggccttt | 300 |
| acggcgg | cag | caacaacacg | ttttggttca | ['] ggttgggcat | ggttagttgt | taatgcagaa | 360 |
| ggaaaac | ttg | aggtgacatc | aactccaaac | caagatactc | cacttatgga | tggtaacacg | 420 |
| ccaatcc | ttg | gttta | | | | | 435 |
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| <211> <212> | 42 435 DNA Stre | eptococcus i | infantarius | | | | |
| <220> <223> | CIP | 103233 Т | | | | | |
| | 42 atq | | | | | | |
| aatgcaa | _ | cagaaacaat | gacattgcat | catgacaaac | atcacgctac | ttacgtagca | 60 |
| | | | | catgacaaac gaacttggag | | | 60 120 |
| gcagagc | atg | ctgctcttga | aaaacaccct | | atgatttaga | agttatcttg | |
| | atg ttg | ctgctcttga acaagattcc | aaaacaccct | gaacttggag | atgatttaga tgattaacaa | agttatcttg cggtggtggt | 120 |
| gctctta | atg ttg acc | ctgctcttga acaagattcc actcactttt | aaaacaccct agcagatatt ctgggaattg | gaacttggag cgtcaagcgg | atgatttaga tgattaacaa aaaaacaaga | agttatcttg cggtggtggt accaacagca | 120 180 |
| gctctta | atg ttg acc ttg | ctgctcttga acaagattcc actcactttt cggcaattga | aaaacaccct agcagatatt ctgggaattg agaagcattt | gaacttggag cgtcaagcgg ctatctcctg | atgatttaga tgattaacaa aaaaacaaga aagatttcaa | agttatcttg cggtggtggt accaacagca aacagctttc | 120 180 240 |
| gctctta gatgtac acgcaag | atg ttg acc ttg cag | ctgctcttga acaagattcc actcactttt cggcaattga cgacaactcg | aaaacaccct agcagatatt ctgggaattg agaagcattt ctttggttca | gaacttggag cgtcaagcgg ctatctcctg ggctcatttg | atgatttaga tgattaacaa aaaaacaaga aagatttcaa ggcttgtcgt | agttatcttg cggtggtggt accaacagca aacagctttc taacaaagat | 120 180 240 300 |
| gctctta gatgtac acgcaag | atg ttg acc ttg cag ttg | ctgctcttga acaagattcc actcactttt cggcaattga cgacaactcg aagtaacctc | aaaacaccct agcagatatt ctgggaattg agaagcattt ctttggttca | gaacttggag cgtcaagcgg ctatctcctg ggctcatttg ggttgggctt | atgatttaga tgattaacaa aaaaacaaga aagatttcaa ggcttgtcgt | agttatcttg cggtggtggt accaacagca aacagctttc taacaaagat | 120 180 240 300 360 |

<210> 43 <211> 435 <212> DNA

<213> Streptococcus macacae

| <220> <223> CIP | 102912 Т (| ATCC 35911) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|
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| tattttgata | aagaaacaat | gacgcttcac | catgataaac | atcatgccac | ttatgttgct | 60 |
| aatgctaatg | ctgcattgga | aaaacaccca | gaaataggtg | aagatttaga | aggcttactg | 120 |
| gcagatgttg | agaagattcc | tgaggatatt | cgtcaggctt | tgattaataa | tggcggcggt | 180 |
| catcttaacc | actctcttt | ttgggaattg | ctttccccag | aaaaaacaga | aatcactgaa | 240 |
| gaagtggctg | cagctattaa | tgattcttt | ggctcttttg | acgcttttaa | agaagcattt | 300 |
| acaactgctg | cgacgactcg | ctttggttct | ggctgggctt | ggctggttgt | caaccgccaa | 360 |
| gggaagcttg | aagtgatttc | aacggctaat | caagatacgc | caatttcaca | agggctaaag | 420 |
| ccaatcctag | cgctt | | | | | 435 |
| <210> 44 <211> 435 | · | | | | | |
| <212> DNA | | | | | | |
| | eptococcus m | nacedonicus | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 105683 Т | | | | | |
| <400> 44 | | | | | | |
| | cagaaacaat | | | | | 60 |
| aatgtaaatg | cagcgcttga | aaaacatcca | gaaattggag | aggatttgga | aactttgttg | 120 |
| gcagatgttg | acagtattcc | agcagatatc | cgtcaagcgg | tgattaataa | cggtggtggg | 180 |
| catttgaatc | acgccctttt | ctgggaattg | ttatcgcctg | aaaaacaaga | accaacagcg | 240 |
| caagtgctgg | ctgcgattga | ggaagctttt | ggctcatttg | acgaattcaa | agctactttc | 300 |
| acgcaagctg | cgacaactcg | ttttgggtca | ggttgggctt | ggcttgtggt | gaatgaaaat | 360 |
| ggcaaacttg | aagtgctctc | aacagctaat | caagatacac | caatttcaca | aggaaaagca | 420 |
| ccaattttgg | cactt | | | | | 435 |
| | | | - | | | |
| <210> 45 <211> 435 <212> DNA | · | | | | | |
| <213> Stre | ptococcus pa | arauberis | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 103956 T (D | SM 6631) | | | | |
| (400> 45 | 22222 | | | | | |
| | aagaaacaat q | | | | | 60 |
| ataccaata (| ctoctttaga a | aaacaccca | assstraata | 3292494292 | | 120 |

| gcagacgtgg | aatctattcc | ttcagatatt | cgtcaagccc | taattaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
|--|--------------|---|-------------|------------|------------|-----|
| catttgaatc | acgcactatt | ttgggaatta | ttatctcctg | agaatactga | aatttcttca | 240 |
| gaagttgcat | ctgcaattga | tgaagcattt | ggttcatttg | atgcctttaa | agaacaattc | 300 |
| acagctgcag | caacaggacg | ttttggttct | ggatgggcat | ggctagttgt | aaataaagaa | 360 |
| ggtaaacttg | aaattatgtc | aactgctaat | caagatacac | caatttcatc | aggattaaaa | 420 |
| ccaattttag | gattg | | | | | 435 |
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| <210> 46 <211> 435 <212> DNA | | | • | | | · |
| | eptococcus p | onocae | ::1 | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 104665 T | • | \$ # 1 to 1 | | | |
| <400> 46 tattttgata | tggagacaat | gactctgcat | catgacaagc | accatgcaac | atatgttgca | 60 |
| aacactaatg | ctgctttgga | aaaacaccct | gaaatcggtg | aggaccttga | agcattgtta | 120 |
| gcagatgttg | atgcgatacc | agcagatatt | cgtcaagctg | tgataaataa | cggtggtggg | 180 |
| catttgaatc | atagcttgtt | ctgggaatta | ctgtctccag | aaaagcaaga | ggttactgct | 240 |
| gacgttgccg | cagccattga | cgaagcattt | ggttcgtttg | atgcttttaa | agaacaattc | 300 |
| actgcagcag | caacaggtcg | ctttggatca | ggttgggcat | ggttagttgt | caataaagaa | 360 |
| ggcaagcttg | aaatcacgtc | aactgctaac | caagacacac | caatctcaga | tggtaaaaag | 420 |
| cctattttaa | cgctt | | | | | 435 |
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| <210> 47 <211> 435 <212> DNA <213> Stre | eptococcus r | atti | | | | |
| <220> | | | | | | |
| <223> CIP | 102509 T (A | TCC 19645) | | | | |
| <400> 47 tatattgatg | cagaaacaat | gaccetteat | catgataaac | accatgctac | ctatgtggca | 60 |
| aatgctaatg | cagctctcga | aaaacatcca | gaaattggtg. | aaaatttaga | agttctcttg | 120 |
| gctgatgttc | agcaaattcc | ggaagatatc | cgtcaggctc | ttgttaacaa | cggcggcggt | 180 |
| caccttaacc | acgcactttt | ctgggaactt | ctgtcaccag | aaaaacaga | gattactaaa | 240 |
| gaagtggctg | cagcaattga | cgaagetttt | ageteattta | aggettttaa | gacagettte | 300 |

| actcaggcag | cagcaacacg | ctttggttca | ggctgggctt | ggctagttgt | caacgcagaa | 360 |
|------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| ggtaagcttg | aagtaatgtc | aacagccaac | caagatacac | cgatttcgca | aggtttaaaa | 420 |
| ccaatcttgg | ccctt | | | | | 435 |
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| <213> Str | eptococcus f | thoraltensi | S | | | |
| <220> | | | | | | |
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| <400> 48 | | ~~~ | *** | | | |
| | cggagacaat | | | | • | 60 |
| aacgcaaatg | ctgctttgga | aaaacaccct | ġaaatcggtg | aagaccttga | agctcttttg | 120 |
| tcagatgtca | acagcattcc | tgaagaćatt | cgtcaagcgc | ttatcaacaa | tggcggtgga | . 180 |
| catcttaacc | atgccctttt | ctgggaactt | ctttcaccag | aaaaaacaga | aattacagaa | 240 |
| gatgtgaaag | cagccattga | tgaagctttc | ggttcatttg | aagccttcca | agaaaaattc | 300 |
| actacagcag | ctacaacacg | ctttqgttca | ggttgggctt | ggttagttgt | taacgctgaa | 360 |
| ggtaaactcg | aggtcacatc | aacaccaaac | caagacactc | cacttatgga | aggtaaaaaa | 420 |
| ccaatccttg | gactt | | | | | 435 |
| | | | | | | |
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| <211> 435 <212> DNA | | | | | | |
| | eptococcus u | beris | | | ÷ | |
| <220> | | | | | | • |
| <223> CIP | 103219 T (A | TCC 19436) | | | | |
| <400> 49 | 222222 | | | | | |
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| aatgccaatg | ctgcgcttga | aaaacatcca | gaaattggtg | aagatttggt | ggcgttatta | 120 |
| tctgatgtgt | catcaattcc | agaagatatt | cgtcaagctc | ttatcaataa | tggaggcgga | 180 |
| catcttaacc | atgcactttt | ttgggaactt | ctttcacctg | agaaaacaga | aatcacttcg | 240 |
| gaagtagctt | ctgctattga | tgaagcattt | ggttcttttg | atgcatttaa | agaaaaattt | 300 |
| acagcagcag | caacgggacg | ttttggatct | ggttgggctt | ggttagttgt | caataaagaa | 360 |
| ggagaacttg | aagtaacttc | aactgcaaac | caagatacac | caatttctga | aggtaaacag | 420 |
| ctattttgg | gtctt | | | | | 435 |

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| <210> 50 <211> 435 | | | | | |
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| <211> 433 | | | | | |
| <213> Str | eptococcus waius | | | | |
| <220> | | | | | |
| <223> CIP | 106079 Т | | | | |
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| aatgtaaatg | cagogottga aaaacatoo | gaaattggag | aggatttgga | aactttgttg | 120 |
| gcagatgttg | acagtattcc agcagatate | cgtcaagcgg | tgattaataa | cggtggtggg | 180 |
| catttgaatc | acgccctttt ctgggaatt | ttatcgcctg | aaaaacaaga | accaacagcg | 240 |
| caagtgctgg | ctgcgattga ggaagctttt | ggctcatttg | acgaattcaa | agctactttc | 300 |
| acgcaagctg | cgacaactcg ttttgggtca | ggttgggctt | ggcttgtggt | gaatgaaaat | 360 |
| ggcaaacttg | aagtgctctc aacagctaat | caagatacac | caatttcaca | aggaaaagca | 420 |
| ccaattttgg | cactt | | | | 435 |
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| <210> 51 | | | | | |
| <211> 438 | | | | | |
| <212> DNA <213> Abi | otrophia adjacens | | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 103243 T (ATCC 49175) | | | | |
| <400> 51 | • | | | | |
| cattttgatg | cacgtacaat ggaaatccac | catgacaaac | atcacaatgc | atatgttaca | 60 |
| aatttaaacg | cagcggtaga aaaacaccct | gaattattcg | aaaaaacagt | tgaagaatta | 120 |
| gttagcgatt | taaacgctgt tccagaagat | atccgtgtag | ctgttcgcaa | caatggtggt | 180 |
| gggcatgcaa | accatagett attetggaet | caattatctc | ttgatggtgc | aaaagctcca | 240 |
| gaaggtgctt | tattagcage tatcaacgaa | gcattcggaa | gcttcgacga | attcaaagca | 300 |
| gcattcgcac | aagcagcagc aactcgtttt | gggtctggtt | gggcttggtt | agttctttct | 360 |
| acggaaaat | tagaagtcgt ttctactcca | aaccaagata | accctctatc | agaaggcaaa | 420 |
| actccattat | taggatta | | | | 438 |
| | | | | | |

<210> 52 <211> 441 <212> DNA <213> Abiotrophia defectives

| <220> <223> CIP | 103242 Т (| ATCC 49176) | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-----|
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| gcttttgacg | cgcgcaccat | ggaaattcac | cacaccaagc | accaccaaac | ccacgttaac | 60 |
| aacttgaatg | ccgccttaga | aggtcacgca | gacttggcag | ctaagtctat | cgaagactta | 120 |
| gtcgctaacc | ttaaggattt | acctgaaagc | attcaaacag | ctgtccgtaa | caatggtggg | 180 |
| ggtcacttca | accatagctt | cttctgggaa | agcctacaag | cgccaagtgc | agaagcagct | 240 |
| attcctgctg | gcctcaagtc | tcgcttagaa | gcagactttg | gttctgttga | agccttcaaa | 300 |
| gaagcttttg | ctaaggcagc | tgcgactcgc | tttggttctg | gttgggcttg | gctcgtagac | 360 |
| cgtgacggtc | acttagaagt | cttatctact | gctaaccaag | acacaccttt | agaattaggg | 420 |
| cttaagccac | ttttaggttt | a | | | | 441 |
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| | 105513 T _. (E |)SM 11693) | | | | |
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| | tagcatctgt | | | | | 180 |
| | accacagett | | | | | 240 |
| | tagcagcagc | | | | | 300 |
| | | • | | • | | |
| | aagcagcagc | | | | | 360 |
| | tagaagtagt | ttctactcca | aaccaagata | acccattaac | agatggtaaa | 420 |
| actccaattt | taggatta | | | | | 438 |
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| aaattaaatg | cagcagtaga | aggtactgat | ttagaatcta | aatcaattga | agaaatcgtc | 120 |

| • | | | • | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|-----|
| gctaacttag | atagcgtacc | tgaagatatt | caaacagctg | tgcgtaacaa | tggtggagga | 180 |
| catatcaacc | attcattgtt | ctgggaatta | ttaactccta | actctgaaga | aaaaggtact | 240 |
| gtagttgata | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | catttaaaga | agaatttgca | 300 |
| aataaagctg | cagcacgttt | tggttcaggt | tgggcatggt | tagtagtaaa | taacggtaac | 360 |
| ttagaaatcg | ttactacacc | taaccaagac | aacccattaa | ctgaaggtaa | aacacctatt | 420 |
| ttäggttta | | | | | | 429 |
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| | 103587 T () | ATCC 33753) | | • . | | |
| <400> 55 tatattgata a | aagaaactat | ggaaatccac | catgacaaac | accacaacac | atatgtaact | 60 |
| aaattaaatt d | cagcagttga | aggtacagat | ttagaaaata | aatctatcga | agaaattgtt | 120 |
| gctaatttag a | atagcgtacc | tgaagatatt | caaacagctg | tacgaaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaaatc a | actcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttaactccta | actctgaaga | aaaaggtaca | 240 |
| gtcgtagata a | aattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagacg | atttcaaaaa | agaatttgct | 300 |
| gacgctgcag d | cagctcgctt | tggttcagac | tggggttggc | tcgttgtaaa | tgctgaaggt | 360 |
| aaattagaaa t | cactactac | acctaaccaa | gataacccaa | ttacagaagg | taaaacacct | 420 |
| attttaggta t | t | | | | | 432 |
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| <210> 56 <211> 429 <212> DNA <213> Staph | nylococcus | capitis sub | Osp. Capitis | 3 | | |
| <220> <223> CIP 8 | 31.53 T (AI | °CC 27840) | | | | |
| <400> 56 cacattgata a | acaaactat | qqaaattcac | catgacaaac | accataacac | atatotaact | 60 |
| aaattaaact c | | | • | | | 120 |
| gctaatttag a | | | | | | 180 |
| cacttaaacc a | | | | | | 240 |
| gtagtagaca a | | | | | | 300 |
| _ | | 2,255 | | | -5 | 500 |

| garaaagcrg | ctgcacgctt | tggatctggt | tgggcatggt | tagtagtaaa | taacggtcaa | 360 |
|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------|------------|-----|
| ttagaaatcg | ttactactcc | aaaccaagat | aacccattaa | ctgaaggtaa | aactccaatc | 420 |
| ttaggttta | | | | | | 429 |
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| <220> <223> CIP | 104192 T (| ATCC 49326) | | | | |
| <400> 57 cacattgata | aacaaactat | ggaaattcac | cacgacaaac | accataacac | atatgtaact | 60 |
| aaattaaact | cagcagttga | aggaacagat | ttagaagcta | aatcaatcga | agaaattgtt | 120 |
| gctaatttag | atagcgtacc | ttcagatatt | caaactgcag | tacgtaataa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
| cacttaaacc | actcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttatcaccaa | attctgaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gtagtagaca | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | aattcaaaaa | agaatttgca | 300 |
| gataaagctg | ctgcacgctt | tggatctggt | tgggcatggt | tagtagtaaa | taacggtcaa | 360 |
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| gcaaatttag a | atagcgtacc | ttctgatatt | caaacagcag | tacgtaacaa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
| cacttaaacc a | actcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttatcaccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gttgtagaca a | aaatcaaaga | acaatggggc | tctttagatg | aattcaaaaa | agaattcgct | 300 |
| gacaaagcag o | cagctcgttt | cggttcaggt | tgggcttggt | tagtagtaaa | caacggtcaa | 360 |
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                                                                     . 120
gctaatttag acagcgtacc atctgacatc caaactgcag ttcgtaataa cggtggtgga
                                                                      180
catttaaacc attcattatt ctggcaactt ctaacaccta attctgaaga aaaaggtaca
                                                                      240
gtaattgata aaatcaaaga agaatggggt tetttagaca aatttaaaga tgaatttget
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aaaaaaagctg ctggacaatt tggttcaggt tgggcatggc tagttgtaga taaagacggt
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                                                                      120
gctaatttag acagcgtacc atctgacatc caaactgcag ttcgtaataa cggtggtgga
                                                                      180
catttaaacc attcattatt ctggcaactt ctaacaccta attctgaaga aaaaggtaca
                                                                      240
gtaattgata aaatcaaaga agaatggggt totttagaca aatttaaaga tgaatttgot
                                                                      300
aaaaaagctg ctggacaatt tggttcaggt tgggcatggc tagttgtaga taaagacggt
                                                                      360
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attttaggac tt
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| | g atgcagttaa aggtactgat ttagagaaca aatcaatcga agaaattatt | 120 |
| gctaactta | a atagcgtacc agaagataaa caaactcctg tacgtaataa tggtggcggt | 180 |
| cacttaaac | c actctttatt ctggcaatta ctttcaccac aatcagaaga aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gtcgtagata | a aaattaaaga gcaatggggc tctttagatg atttcaaaaa agaatttgca | 300 |
| gacaaagca | g cagctcgttt tggttctggt tgggcatggc tcgttgtaaa taatggtcaa | 360 |
| ttagaaatc | g ttactacacc aaaccaagac aacccaattt ctgaaggtaa aactcctatc | 420 |
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| <211> 429 <212> DNA | | |
| | aphylococcus cohnii subsp. Cohnii | |
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| | P 81.54 T (ATCC 29974) | |
| <400> 62 | | |
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| aaattaaatg | g cagcaattga aggtactgat ttagagtcta aatcaattga agaaattatt | 120 |
| gcaaatttag | g acagtgtacc agaagatatt caaacagctg ttagaaataa tggcggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaaacc | actcattatt ctgggaatta ttaactccaa actctgaaga aaaaggaact | 240 |
| gtagttgata | aaattaaaga acaatggggt tetttagatg catttaaaga agaatttgca | 300 |
| gataaagctg | cagetegttt tggtteagga tgggettgge tagttgttaa taatggtaat | 360 |
| ttagaaattg | ttacaactcc aaaccaagat aacccactta cagaaggtaa aacaccaatc | 420 |
| ctaggctta | | 429 |
| | | |
| <210> 63 | | |
| <211> 429 | | |
| <212> DNA | | |
| <213> Sta | phylococcus cohnii subsp. Urealyticum | |
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| aaattaaatg | Cagcaattga aggtactgat ttagaatcta aatcaattga agaaattgta | 120 |

| gcaaat | ttag | acagtgtacc | agaaaatatt | caaacagctg | ttagaaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-----|
| cactta | aacc | attcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttaactccaa | actctgaaga | aaaaggaact | 240 |
| gtagtt | gata | aaattaagga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | catttaaaga | agaatttgca | 300 |
| gataaa | gctg | cagctcgttt | tggttcaggt | tgggcttggc | tagttgttaa | taatggcaat | 360 |
| ttagaa | attg | ttacaactcc | aaaccaagat | aacccattaa | ctgaaggtaa | aacacctatc | 420 |
| ttaggc | tta | | | | | | 429 |
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| aaattaa | aatg | cagcaatcga | aggtactgat | ttagaaaata | aatctatcga | agaaatcgtt | 120 |
| gcaaatt | tag | acagcgtacc | atctgacatc | caaactgcag | ttcgtaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
| catctaa | aacc | attcattatt | ctggcaactt | ctaacaccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtaca | 240 |
| gtaatto | gata | aaatcaaaga | agaatggggt | tctttagaca | aattcaaaga | tgaatttgct | 300 |
| aaaaaa | gctg | ctggacaatt | tggttcaggt | tgggcttggc | tagttgtaga | taaaaacggt | 360 |
| aacttag | gaaa | tcgtttctac | tccaaaccaa | gacaacccaa | ttacagaagg | caaaactcct. | 420 |
| attttag | ggac | tt | | | | | 432 |
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| <400> cacatto | 65 Jata | aagaaactat | ggaaatccat | cacagcaagc | atcataacac | ttatgtaaca | 60 |
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| gcaaact | tag | acagegtace | agaaaactta | cgtacagcag | ttcgtaataa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
| cacttaa | atc | actctatttt | ctggcaaatc | ttaacaccta | actcagaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| attatca | ata | aaattaaaca | acaataaaat | tctttagata | *** | ogantttgga | 300 |

| gacaaagcag ctggccgttt cggttcaggt tgggcttggc ttgttgttaa caacggtaaa | 360 |
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| ttagaaatcg ttacaactgc aaaccaagat agtccattaa ctgatggttt aacaccaatt | 420 |
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| aaattaaatt cagcagttga agggacagat ttagaagcta aatcaatcga agaaattgtt | 120 |
| gctaatttag atagtgtgcc atctaatatt caaacagctg ttcgtaataa tggcggtggt | 180 |
| caccttaacc attcattgtt ctgggaacta ttatcaccaa attctgaaga aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gtagtagata aaattaaaga acaatggggt tetttagatg aatttaaaaa agaatttgea | 300 |
| gataaagctg cagcacgctt tggttcagga tgggcttggt tagttgtaaa caatggacaa | 360 |
| ttagaaattg ttacaacacc aaatcaagat aatccaatta ctgaaggaaa aacaccaatt | 420 |
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| gcaaacttag acagtgtacc agaaaacatt caaacagctg ttcgcaataa tggtggagga | 180 |
| cacttaaacc attcattatt ctgggaatta ttaactccaa actctgaaga aaaaggtact | |
| | 240 |
| gttgttgata aaattaaaga acaatggggt tctttagatg cattcaaaga agagtttgct | 300 |
| aaccaagetg cagcacgttt cggttcaggt tgggcatggc tagttgtaaa cgatggtaaa | 360 |
| ttggaaatcg ttactacacc taatcaagat aacccattaa ctgaaggtaa aacacctatc | 420 |
| ctaggctta | 429 |

PCT/IB01/01155 WO 01/88186

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| gccaatg | tag | atagtcttcc | agaagacaag | aaaacagctg | tacgtaataa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
| catctta | acc | actcattctt | ctgggcactt | ttaacaccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gtagttg | ata | aaatcaatga | aaaatggggc | tcattagacg | cattcaaaaa | agaatttggc _. | 300 |
| gatgcgg | ċtg | ctggtcgatt | tggttcaggc | tgggcatggt | tagttgtgaa | caatggtgaa | 360 |
| ttagaaa | ttg | tttcaacacc | taaccaagac | aatccattgt | ctgaaggtaa | aacgccaatt | 420 |
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| aaattaa | at·g | ctgcagttga | aggtactgat | ttagaatcta | aatcaatcga | agaaattgtt | 120 |
| gcaaact | tag | acagtgtacc | agaaaatatt | caaacagctg | ttagaaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaa | acc | actcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttaactccta | actctgaaga | aaaaggtact | 240 |
| gtagttg | ata | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | catttaaaga | agaatttgca | 300 |
| gataaag | ctg · | cagcacgctt | tggttcaggt | tgggcatggc | tagttgtaaa | taacggtaac | 360 |
| ttagaaat | tcg | ttactacacc | taaccaagac | aaccctatta | ctgaaggtaa | aacacctatc | 420 |
| ttaggtti | ta | | | | | | 429 |
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 gctaatttag atagtgtacc tgaagatatt caaacagctg ttcgtaataa tggtggcgga
                                                                       180
 cacttaaatc actcattatt ctgggaatta ttaactccta attctgaaga aaaaggtact
                                                                       240
 gttgttgata aaatcaaaga acaatggggc tctttagatg aattcaaaaa agaattcgct
                                                                      300
 gacaaagcag cagctcgttt cggttcaggt tgggcatggt tagtagttaa caatggtcag
                                                                      360
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gcaaatttag atagtgtatc tgaaaatatt caaacagcag tacgtaataa tggtggaggt
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catttaaatc actcattatt ctgggaatta ttaactccta attctgaaga aaaaggtact
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gataaagctg cagcacgttt tggttcaggt tgggcttggt tagtagtaaa taatggaaaa
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                                                                     120
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| gcaaatttag | atagtgtacc | tgaaaatatt | caaacagcag | tacgtaataa | tggtggaggt | 180 |
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| catttaaatc | actcattatt | ctgggaatta | ttaactccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtact | 240 |
| gtaattgata | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | agtttaaaaa | agaattcgct | 300 |
| gataaagctg | cagcacgttt | tggttcaggt | tgggcttggt | tagtagtaaa | taatggaaaa | 360 |
| ttagaaattg | ttactactcc | aaatcaagat | aaccctatta | ctgaaggaaa | aactccaatt | 420 |
| ttaggctta | • | | | | | 429 |
| | | | | | • | |
| <210> 73 <211> 429 <212> DNA <213> Sta | phylococcus | hyicus | | | | |
| <220> <223> CIP | 81.58 T (A | FCC 11249) | | | | |
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| aaattaaacg | acgctgtaaa | aggtacagag | ttagaagata | aatctattga | agagcttatc | 120 |
| gcgaatgttg | accaattacc | tgaggataaa | aagactgcgg | ttcgtaacaa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
| cactttaacc | attctttatt | ctggcaattt | ttatccccag | aatctgaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |
| gttgttgaca | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagacg | catttaaaaa | agaattctca | 300 |
| gataaagcag | cagcacgatt | tggatctggc | tgggcttggc | ttgtagtaaa | taatggtcaa | 360 |
| ttagaaattg | ttacaacage | aaaccaagat | agcccattat | cagaaggtaa | gacaccaata | 420 |
| ctcgctcta | | | | | | 429 |
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| | aagaaactat | | | | - | 60. |
| | ctgctgttga | | | | | 120 |
| | atagtgtacc | | | - | | 180 |
| cacttaaatc | actctatttt | ctggcaactt | ttaacaccta | actcagaaga | aaaaggtgaa | 240 |

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| aaaaacttaa a | attctgtacc | agatgatatc | cgtactgcag | ttcaaaacaa | tggtggcgga | 180 |
| cattacaatc a | actcattatt (| ctgggagatg | ttaactccaa | atgcttctga | accatcaggc | 240 |
| gaagtagtag a | atgcaatcag | ttctactttc | ggttcattag | acaaatttaa | agaagagttt | 300 |
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| gccaatt | tạg | atagcgttcc | tgaaaacatt | caaacagctg | tacgtaataa | tggtggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaa | acc | attcactatt | ctgggaattt | ttaactccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtact | 240 |
| gtagttg | rata | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagatg | aattcaagaa | agaattcgct | 300 |
| gacaaag | ctg | caggtcgttt | tggttcaggt | tgggcatggt | tagttgtaaa | taacggtaaa | 360 |
| ttagaaa | ttg | ttacaacgcc | taaccaagac | aacccattaa | ctgaaggaaa | aacacctatc | 420 |
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| acacatt | tag | atcgcgtacc | tgaaaatgta | cgtactgctg | tgcgtaacaa | tggtggcggt | 180 |
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| gtagtgg | ata | aaattaaaga | acaatgggga | tcattagacg | cattcaaaga | agaatttgca | 300 |
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120

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| cacttaaacc | actcattatt | ctggcaactt | cttacaccta | attctgaaga | aaaaggtact | 240 |
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| gaagttgtgg | atgcaattag | ttctacattc | ggttcattag | acaaattcaa | agaagaattt | 300 |
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| gataaagcta cagctcgttt tggttcaggt tgggcatggt tagtagtaga taatggccaa | 360 |
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| gcaaacttag acagtgttcc agaaaatatt caaacagctg ttcgaaataa tggtggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaaacc actcactatt ctgggaatta ttaactccaa actcagaaga aaaaggtact | 240 |
| gttgttgata aaattaaaga acaatggggc tetttagatg catttaaaga agaatttget | 300 |
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| gcaaacttag acagtgttcc agaaaatatt caaacagctg ttcgaaataa tggtggtgga | 180 |
| cacttaaacc actcactatt ctgggaatta ttaactccaa actcagaaga aaaaggtact | 240 |
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| cattataatc attcattatt ctgggaacta ttaactccaa atgcttctga gccttcagga | 240 |
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| gcagctgcag cagctggccg ttttggttca ggatgggcat ggttagttgt agataatggc | 360 |
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| cattataatc attcattatt ctgggaacta ttaactccaa acgcttctga gccttcagga | 240 |
| gaagttgtag atgcaattag ttctacattt ggttcattag acaaattcaa agaagaattt | 300 |
| gcagctgcag cagctggccg ttttggttca ggatgggcat ggttagttgt agataatggc | 360 |
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WO 01/88186 PCT/IB01/01155

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| gtagttgata | aaattaaaga | acaatggggt | tctttagacg | aattcaaaga | cgaatttgct | 300 |
| aaaaaagctg | ctggacaatt | tggttcaggt | tgggcttggc | tagtagtaga | taaagacggt | 360 |
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| | | | tctttagatg | | | 300 |

WO 01/88186 PCT/IB01/01155

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| gcaaatctag acagtgttcc agaaaatatt caaacagctg ttcgcaataa tggcggtgga | 180 |
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WO 01/88186 PCT/IB01/01155

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

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01/088186 A3

(54) Title: METHODS FOR DETECTING AND IDENTIFYING A GRAM POSITIVE BACTERIA IN A SAMPLE

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides fragments of a sodA gene from gram positive bacteria, methods of using these fragments as probes to detect and identify microorganisms in a sample and kits containing suitable reagents to perform the method.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

ational Application No

| · | | 1.0 | /IB 01/01155 | | | |
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| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 C12Q1/68 | | | | | | |
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| | European Palent Office, P.B. 5818 Palentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, | | | | | |
| | Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 | Botz, J | | | | |

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

| Box Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet) | |
|--|--|
| This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons: | |
| 1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely: | |
| | |
| Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: | |
| | |
| Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a). | |
| Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet) | |
| This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows: | |
| see additional sheet | |
| | |
| As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims. | |
| 2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee. | |
| | |
| 3. X As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.: | |
| 1-7,12-16,18,20 (partially) | |
| | |
| 4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.: | |
| | |
| The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. X No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees. | |
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Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of first sheet (1)) (July 1998)

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: 1-5,7,13-16,20 (partially)

Invention 1:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 1, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria, in particular from the genus Enterococcus, in a sample, a DNA-chip comprising at least one polynucleotide specified by Sequence Identity Number 1 or a fragment thereof, a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 1.

2. Claims: 1-5,7,8,13-16,20 (partially)

Inventions 2 - 35:

Idem for invention 2 to invention 35, inventions being specified by the Sequence Identities derived for the bacterial genus Enterococcus, namely Sequence Identity Number 2-19 and 21-36.

3. Claims: 1,2,5,13,14,16 (partially), 9 (completely)

Invention 36:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 20, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria, in particular from the species Lactococcus garvieae, in a sample, a DNA-chip comprising at least one polynucleotide specified by Sequence Identity Number 20 or a fragment thereof, a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 20.

4. Claims: 1-3,5,10,13-16,19 (partially)

Invention 37:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 37, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria, in particular from the genus Streptococcus, in a sample, a DNA-chip comprising at least one polynucleotide specified by Sequence Identity Number 37 or a fragment thereof, a kit for

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 37.

5. Claims: 1-3,5,10,13-16,19 (partially)

Inventions 38 - 50:

Idem for invention 38 to invention 50, inventions being specified by the Sequence Identities derived for the bacterial genus Streptococcus, namely Sequence Identity Number 38 - 50.

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6. Claims: 1-3,5,11,13-16,21 (partially)

Invention 51:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 51, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria, in particular from the genus Abiotrophia, in a sample, a DNA-chip comprising at least one polynucleotide specified by Sequence Identity Number 51 or a fragment thereof, a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 51.

7. Claims: 1-3,5,11,13-16,21 (partially)

Invention 52 - 53:

Idem for invention 52 to invention 53, inventions being specified by the Sequence Identities derived for the bacterial genus Abiotrophia, namely Sequence Identity Number 52 - 53.

8. Claims: 1-3,5,6,12-16,18 (partially)

Invention 54:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 54, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria, in particular from the genus Staphylococcus, in a sample, a DNA-chip comprising at least one polynucleotide specified by Sequence Identity Number 54 or a fragment thereof, a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 54.

9. Claims: 1-3,5,6,12-16,18 (partially)

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Invention 55 - 93:

Idem for invention 55 to invention 93, inventions being specified by the Sequence Identities derived for the bacterial genus Staphylococcus, namely Sequence Identity Number 55-93.

10. Claims: 1-6,14-16,18-21 (partially)

Invention 94:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 94, specific for the sodA-gene of gram-positive bacteria, its use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria in a sample, a kit for the detection of a gram positive bacteria present in a sample containing at least Sequence Identity Number 94.

11. Claim : 17 (completely)

Invention 95:

A polynucleotide-probe, in particular the one specified by Sequence Identity Number 95 and 96, specific for the sod-gene of gram-positive bacteria, their use in a method for accurate identification of the species of gram-positive bacteria in a sample.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

ational Application No
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| Patent document cited in search report | | Publication date | | Patent family member(s) | Publication date |
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